

RTCU Communication Support Package

Version 4.30

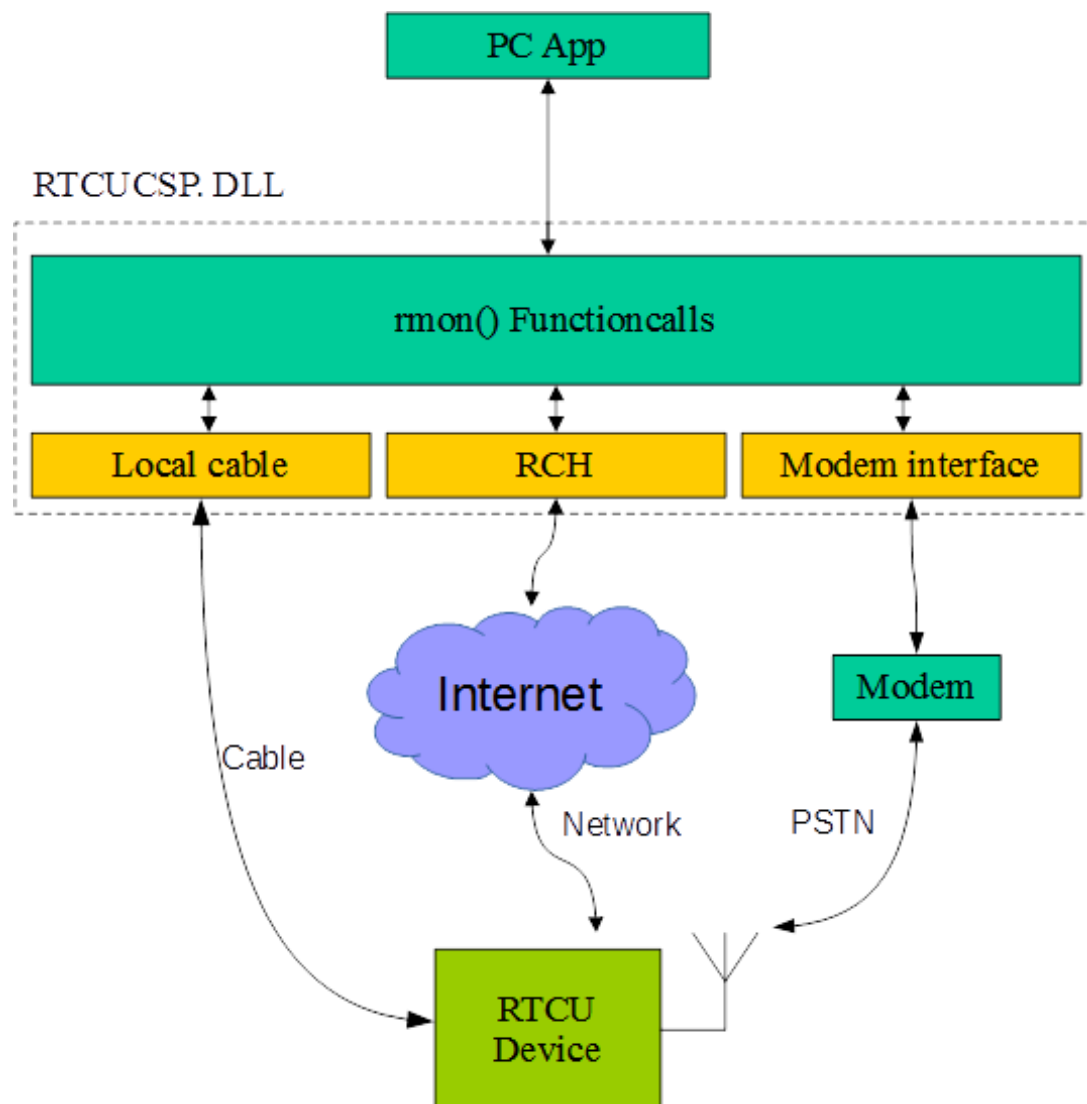


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Introduction

This document describes the RTCU CSP (Communication Support Package) which is an API library of functions that allows communication with RTCU products on the same level of functionality available when using the RTCU IDE.

Establishing a connection to the RTCU device can be done over a direct cable connection or remotely over the RTCU Communication Hub (RC. CSD (modem) is also supported for devices that support this older connection technology.

For more information on the RACP protocols used by the CSP, please refer to the: "RTCU Communication Protocol Documentation Set"

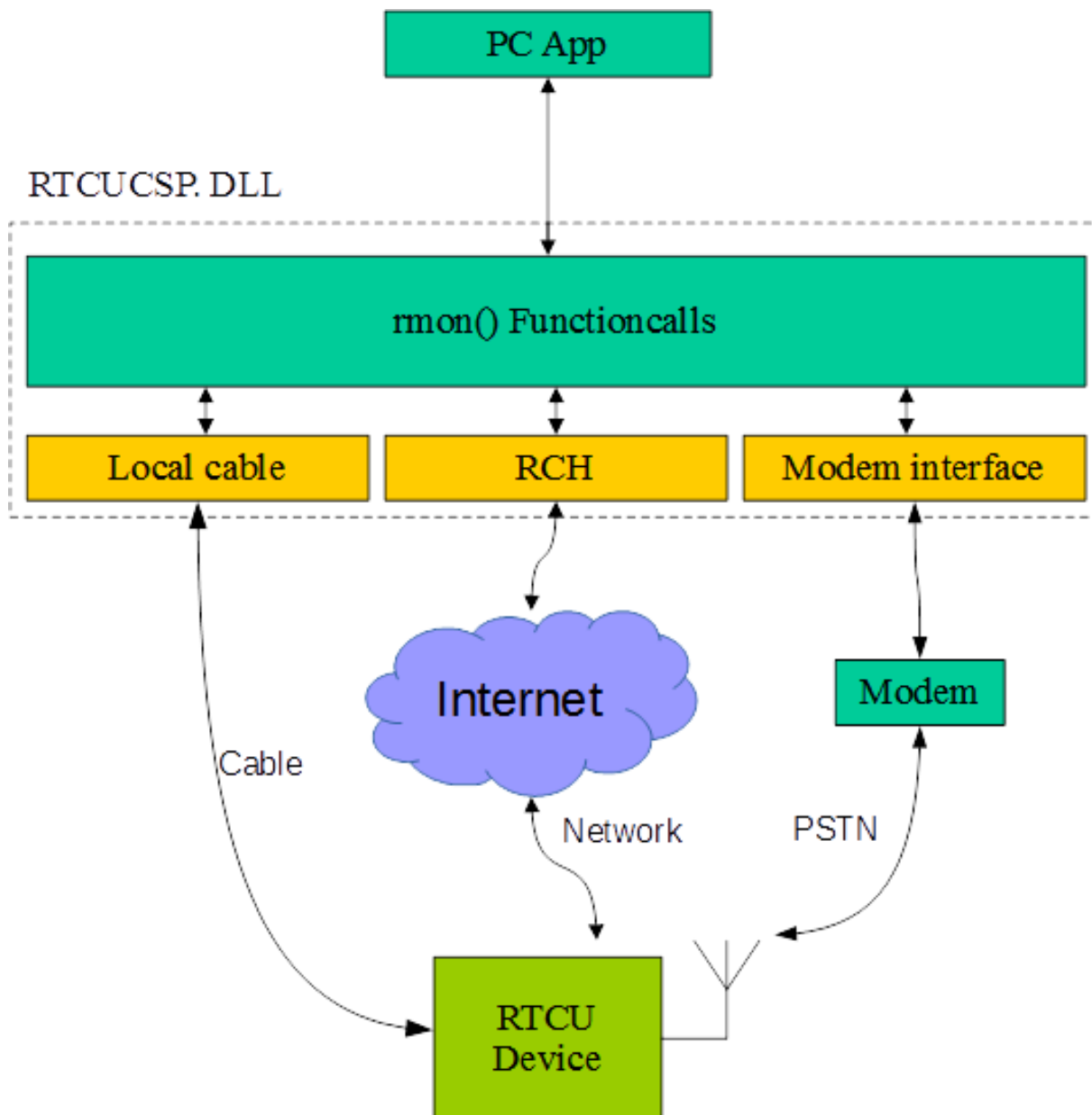
This document also contains the source code for a simple application (Appendix A) and a complete application with the RTCUProg application (Appendix B).

The RTCUProg tool is a full-featured application that can also be downloaded as a fully installable package that allows the upload of applications, firmware, and setting up various device parameters.

The RTCUProg application shows all the different aspects of establishing and maintaining an application with an RTCU device, authentication, and so on.

Both applications will give a good hands-on experience to the library and can also function as a good starting point for application development.

Graphic illustration of the library



Contents of package

The package this document is part of, contains the following:

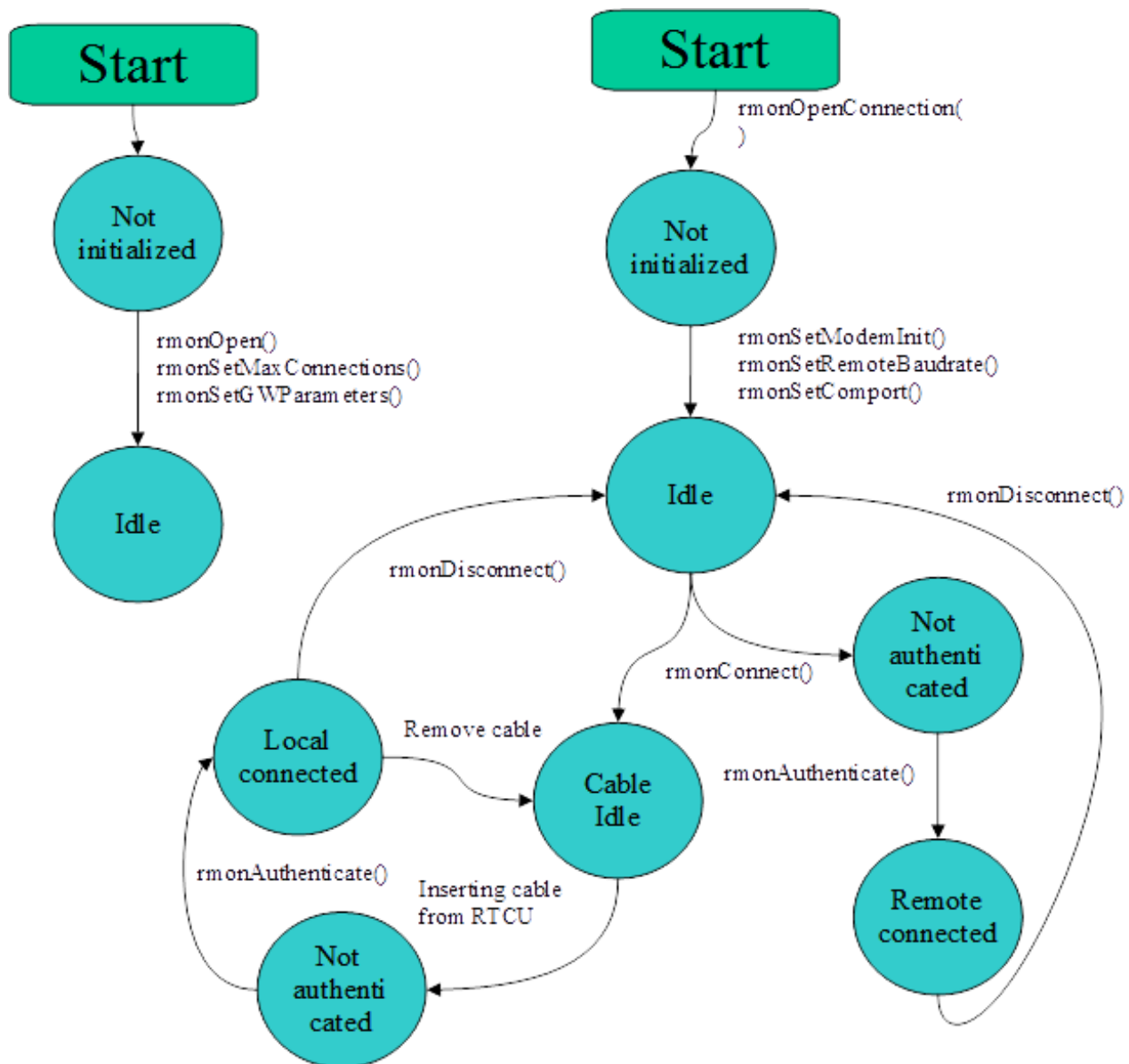
"\RTCU Communication Support Package. pdf"
"\RTCUPROG\
"\Library\

This document
The RTCUPROG application described in appendix B
The .H, .LIB and DLL files needed for the RTCUCSP
library. (Please note that the RTCUCSP.DLL also uses
other DLL's, these are included in the "Library" folder
also)

To use and build this library, Microsoft Visual Studio C++ 2019 will be needed. For an example of which Settings etc. are needed, please have a look at the RTCUPROG application included in this package.

Interface and state diagram

To be able to go into details about using the interface, it is necessary to know the different states in which the communication protocol can be:



Initializing the library

To begin with, you are in the **Not Initialized State**. To proceed from there, you will have to carry out the following two steps:

Step A.

You will have to **prepare the communication system** with `rmonSetGWParameters` and `rmonSetMazConnections`

Step B.

You will have to **open the communication system** with `rmonOpen()`.

Entering the Idle State.

After the communication system is initialized, the **Idle State** is entered.
From there, it is possible to open connections to RTCU devices.

Initializing the connection.

After calling the `rmonOpenConnection`, you are in the **Not Initialized State**. To proceed from there, you will have to carry out the following two steps:

Step A.

Then determine **what kind of connection** you want to be started.
Should it be a local cable connection?
Should it be a data call (CSD) modem connection?
Should it be an RTCU Communication Hub connection?

Step B.

You will have to **prepare the connection** with `rmonSetComport()`, `rmonSetModemInit()` and `rmonSetRemoteBaudrate()` if connection is local cable or CSD modem.

Entering the connection Idle State.

After the connection is initialized, the **Connection Idle State** is entered.

From there it is possible to connect to an RTCU device either thru

A local cable connection or

A remote connection – (modem (CSD) or RTCU Communication Hub connection)

For remote connections calling `rmonConnect()` will enter the **Not Authenticated State**.

For cable connection, calling `rmonConnected` will enter the **Cable Idle State**, and from here, inserting a cable between the PC and RTCU device will enter the **Not Authenticated State**.

From the **Not Authenticated State** carry out the `rmonAuthenticate()`, which will put the library into either the **Locally Connected State** or the **Remotely Connected State**.

The Local/Remote Connected State.

The communication is now up running, and your PC application can now communicate with the RTCU device using the functions described.

Closing or changing the connection.

A. The Locally Connected State:

As you can see in the state diagram above, you have **three possibilities of** being in a **Locally Connected State**. When you want to leave this state, you can either

Remove the cable, which will bring you into the **Cable Idle State**.
Use `rmonDisconnect()`, which will bring you into the **Connection Idle State**.
Close the connection (using `rmonCloseConnection`).

B. The Remotely Connected State:

As you can see in the state diagram above, you have **three possibilities of** being in a **Remotely Connected State**. When you want to leave this state, you can either
Use `rmonDisconnect()`, which will bring you into the **Connection Idle State**.
Close the connection (using `rmonCloseConnection`).

Functions in the RTCUCSP.DLL library

In the following description of the different function calls, we will differentiate between NX32L, NX32 and X32 RTCU devices, as some of the functions are not supported on some models.

Please consult Logic IO's website for up-to-date information on new products and their availability.

Return codes

The return codes from most of the functions will be one of those shown below. These return codes are declared in the header file (rtcucsp.h) for the library as an "enum struct rmonRet".

Symbolic name	Value	Description
rmonOK	0	Operation OK
rmonError	1	General error
rmonComError	2	Communication error
rmonTargetError	3	Other error in device than rmonComError
rmonIllegalHandle	4	The connection handle is illegal (corrupt/non existent)
rmonIllegalTarget	5	Target and type of firmware file does not match
rmonOnlyGateway	6	The function can only be used via the RCH
rmonNotGateway	7	The function can not be used over the RCH
rmonDenied	8	Access to device denied
rmonNoData	9	No data
rmonNoMoreData	10	No more data
rmonNotInit	11	Not initialized
rmonInit	12	The RTCUCSP library is already initialized
rmonConnection	13	There is a connection established already
rmonGatewayNotFound	14	RCH not found
rmonFileNotFound	15	Application or Firmware file not found.
rmonIllegalFile	16	File specified is illegal (corrupt)
rmonOldFormat	17	Old firmware file format, not supported
rmonNoMonitorMode	18	Not able to enter monitor mode
rmonErrorReset	19	Not able to reset RTCU
rmonErrorHalt	20	Not able to halt RTCU
rmonNoBackground	21	Background transfer not supported by the RTCU device.
rmonInterrupted	22	Background transfer was interrupted.
rmonCancelled	23	Data transfer has been canceled.
rmonNotProgrammable	24	Attempt to program a Micro device with a VSX file
rmonNoModem	25	No remote serial port selected or port in use.
rmonNoCable	26	No local serial port selected or port in use.
rmonMemoryConfig	27	Memory configuration is different in Project and RTCU device.
rmonImageTooLarge	28	There are no room for the image in the RTCU device.
rmonNotModem	29	The function can not be used over Modem connection.
rmonIllegalAccess	30	The function is not accessible.
rmonDowngrade	31	The device does not support this firmware version
rmonImageSupport	33	The RTCU device does not support the image.

Initialization/Configuration

Functions that are usually needed before any real communication can be started with the RTCU device are listed here. For the proper sequence of calling the functions, please refer to the State diagram, and to the demo applications delivered as part of this package (see appendix A and appendix B).

rmonOpen ()	RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonOpen(void)
Description	Opens and initializes the communication system. The system can be closed again by calling rmonClose().
Returns	rmonOK, rmonError, rmonInit

rmonClose()	RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Idle State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonClose(void)
Description	Closes communication system. The communication system must be opened with rmonOpen() in order for it to be used again.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonNotInit

rmonGetVer()	RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised and Idle State
Synopsis	int __stdcall rmonGetVer(void)
Description	Retrieve the version number of the RTCUCSP library.
Returns	Library version scaled by 100.

rmonSetMaxConnections()	RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetMaxConnections (int max_sessions)		
Description	Set maximum number of simultaneous connections possible. If this function is not called the default number of simultaneous connections will be used.		
Input	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>max_sessions</td><td>The maximum number of connections. (Default: 100)</td></tr> </table>	max_sessions	The maximum number of connections. (Default: 100)
max_sessions	The maximum number of connections. (Default: 100)		
Returns	rmonOK, rmonInit		

rmonSetGWParameters()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetGWParameters(const unsigned short Port, const unsigned long MyNodeID, const char* IP, const char* Key)	
Description	If a connection to a remote RTCU is to be done using the RTCU Communication Hub, some parameters have to be set before this is possible. These parameters are set using this function. Please see the online help to the RTCU IDE for a description of these parameters (Menu: Device - > Connection -> RTCU Communication Hub).	
Input	Port	RCH port (please refer to rmonConnect() for making a connection thru the RCH)
	MyNodeID	Node ID (can be set to 0, this will allow the RCH to issue a "dynamic" ID to this node).
	IP	IP address of the RCH.
	Key	Key value (must be set to the same value as set in the RCH)
Returns	rmonOK, rmonInit	

rmonSetGWParametersAdv()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetGWParametersAdv(unsigned char CryptKey[16], unsigned char gw_max_connection_attempt, unsigned char gw_max_send_req_attempt, unsigned short gw_response_timeout, unsigned short gw_alive_freq)	
Description	This function is used to set the advanced parameters for connecting to a remote RTCU device using the RCH Please see the online help to the RTCU IDE for a description of these parameters (Menu: Device - > Connection -> RTCU Communication Hub).	
Input	CryptKey	Encryption key. To use the default key, set all 16 bytes to 0 (zero).
	gw_max_connection_attempt	Maximum connection attempts. Default value: 3. Range: 1-60
	gw_max_send_req_attempt	Maximum transmission attempts. Default value: 3. Range: 1-60
	gw_response_timeout	Response timeout. Default value: 30. Range: 5-60
	gw_alive_freq	Keep alive frequency. Default value: 60. Range: 0-60000
Returns	rmonOK, rmonInit	

rmonSetRCHParametersSecure()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetRCHParametersSecure(char* server, char* cert, char* key, char* password)	
Description	This function is used to set the parameters for making a secure connecting to a remote RTCU device using the RTCU Communication Hub. Please see the online help to the RTCU IDE for a description of these parameters (Menu: Device -> Connection -> RTCU Communication Hub).	
Input	Server	The location of the root CA certificate to validate the server certificate.
	Cert	The location of the client certificate of the CSP.
	Key	The location of the private key of the client certificate.
	Password	The password for the private key.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonInit, rmonError	

rmonGetPortList()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised and Idle State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetPortList (char name[RMON_MAXPORTS][9], int* size)	
Description	Retrieve the names and number of comports available at start up.	
Output	Name	Array of ASCII strings with the names of the comports.
	size	The number of comports present.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonNoData	

rmonEnumeratePorts()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: All states
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonEnumeratePorts (rmoncbserialport cbFunc, void *arg, int *count)	
Description	Enumerate the serial ports currently present.	
Input	cbFunc	Function that is called with the name and description of a serial port.
	arg	A user defined argument that is included in the callback function.
Output	count	The number of serial ports enumerated.
Returns	rmonOK	
The call-back function is defined as follows: typedef void (__stdcall *rmoncbserialport) (void *arg, const char *name, const char *desc);		

rmonOpenConnection()	RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Idle State
Synopsis	HRMONCON __stdcall rmonOpenConnection (void)
Description	Open a new connection session.
Returns	Handle to connection or HRMONCON_ILLEGAL if no connection.

rmonCloseConnection()	RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised and Idle State		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonCloseConnection (HRMONCON hCon)		
Description	Close a connection session.		
Input	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr> </table>	hCon	Handle to connection
hCon	Handle to connection		
Returns	rmonOK, rmonIllegalHandle		

rmonSetComport()	RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised and Idle State						
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetComport(HRMONCON hCon, const char* LocalPort, const char* RemotePort)						
Description	<p>The connection needs to know which serial ports on the PC is going to be used for communication, both for direct cable connection, and for connection thru a modem. These ports are configured using this call. If one of the ports is not to be used, simply set it to "COM0".</p> <p>To configure an USB cable connection, use the port names "USB1" thru "USB8".</p>						
Input	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection.</td></tr> <tr> <td>LocalPort</td><td>Name of the COM port to be used for direct cable connection.</td></tr> <tr> <td>RemotePort</td><td>Name of the COM port to be used for remote connection thru a modem.</td></tr> </table>	hCon	Handle to connection.	LocalPort	Name of the COM port to be used for direct cable connection.	RemotePort	Name of the COM port to be used for remote connection thru a modem.
hCon	Handle to connection.						
LocalPort	Name of the COM port to be used for direct cable connection.						
RemotePort	Name of the COM port to be used for remote connection thru a modem.						
Returns	rmonOK, rmonConnection, rmonIllegalHandle						

rmonSetModemInit()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised and Idle State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetModemInit(HRMONCON hCon, const char* atcmd)	
Description	Specifies initialisation string to modem for usage in remote connection. A list of common initialization string for different types of modems can be seen in the RTCU IDE (menu: Settings -> Setup).	
Input	hCon	Handle to the connection.
	Atcmd	Initialisation string for modem
Returns	rmonOK, rmonConnection, rmonIllegalHandle	

rmonSetRemoteBaudrate()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Not Initialised and Idle State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetRemoteBaudrate(HRMONCON hCon, int baud)	
Description	This function sets the baud rate that will be used when communication is established to a remote device thru a modem. This is the baud rate used between the PC and the Modem, and has nothing to do with the speed being used on the link between the modem and RTCU device (which can be influenced by setting the appropriate settings in the rmpnSetModemInit()).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Baud	Baud rate to be used. If baud is set to 0 a default value of 57600 baud is used. If allowed by hardware the baud rate in principle can be set to anything Commonly used baud rates are: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and 115200 Other protocol parameters are: No parity, 8 data bits and 1 stop bit.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonConnection, rmonIllegalHandle	

rmonConnect()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Idle
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonConnect(HRMONCON hCon, const char* phonenumber)	
Description	This function is used to establish a connection to a RTCU device. The connection can be either over cable, thru a modem, or thru the RTCU Communication Hub. If the remote RTCU is to be contacted thru a modem, simply use the telephone number of the SIM card in the RTCU, if connection is thru the RTCU Communication Hub, the devices serial number (nodeid) is to be used, prefixed with a "@" character! To establish a connection over cable leave the phone number empty.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	onenumber	The phone number of the SIM card in the remote RTCU if a connection is thru modem, or the serial number of the RTCU (prefixed with "@") if connection is thru RCH.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonConnection, rmonDenied, rmonComError, rmonError	

rmonDisconnect()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: Remotely Connected State		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonDisconnect(HRMONCON hCon)			
Description	Disconnect a connection to a RTCU device.			
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection
hCon	Handle to connection			
Returns	rmonOK, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError			

rmonConnected()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: After Initialised State																
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonConnected(HRMONCON hCon)																	
Description	rmonConnected() returns the type of connection that is currently (if any) established with the RTCU device.																	
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>			hCon	Handle to connection													
hCon	Handle to connection																	
Returns	Type of connection: <table><tr><td>Symbolic name</td><td>Value</td><td>Description</td></tr><tr><td>RMONCON_NONE</td><td>0</td><td>Currently not connected</td></tr><tr><td>RMONCON_LOCAL</td><td>1</td><td>Connected using cable</td></tr><tr><td>RMONCON_REMOTE</td><td>2</td><td>Connected thru a modem</td></tr><tr><td>RMONCON_GW</td><td>3</td><td>Connected thru the RCH</td></tr></table>			Symbolic name	Value	Description	RMONCON_NONE	0	Currently not connected	RMONCON_LOCAL	1	Connected using cable	RMONCON_REMOTE	2	Connected thru a modem	RMONCON_GW	3	Connected thru the RCH
Symbolic name	Value	Description																
RMONCON_NONE	0	Currently not connected																
RMONCON_LOCAL	1	Connected using cable																
RMONCON_REMOTE	2	Connected thru a modem																
RMONCON_GW	3	Connected thru the RCH																

rmonAuthenticate()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Not Authenticated State				
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonAuthenticate (HRMONCON hCon, const char password[21])					
Description	<p>if there is established a (new) connection with a RTCU device, either local or remote, the first thing to do, is for the application to authenticate itself for the RTCU device. This is done using this function, and must be done, BEFORE any other communication with the device can take place.</p> <p>If there is no password set in the RTCU device, this function must still be called, just with an empty string "" as the password.</p>					
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr><tr><td>password</td><td>Password, zero terminated ASCII string</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection	password	Password, zero terminated ASCII string
hCon	Handle to connection					
password	Password, zero terminated ASCII string					
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonIllegalTarget, rmonTargetError, rmonDenied					

rmonEnableLargeData()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Not Initialised and Idle State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonEnableLargeData(HRMONCON hCon, unsigned char enable)	
Description	This function enables the support for larger data frames on medias that supports them. This allows for transferring more data for each call to some functions, including rmonLogReadExt and rmonLogReadByTag.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	enable	0=disable, 1=enable
Returns	rmonOK, rmonIllegalHandle	

Program/Firmware upload

The following functions are used for uploading new applications, voice messages and firmware to a RTCU device:

All functions reports their progress, by calling an optional call-back function, defined as follows:

```
typedef int (__stdcall *rmoncbprogress)(void* uptr,int percent);
```

Please note that if the call-back function returns a value different from 0 (zero) the functions will cancel.

rmonFirmwareUpload()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Locally Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFirmwareUpload(HRMONCON hCon, char *FirmwareFilename, rmoncbprogress cbfunc, void *uptr);	
Description	Upload firmware to RTCU. The function takes a .BIN firmware file, and transfers it to an RTCU device. The function will halt execution in the device, upload the new firmware file, and after the transfer, it will reset the device. Note that to upload a new firmware to an RTCU device when the connection to it is via the RCH, you need to use background update (see rmonFirmwareStartUpload).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	FirmwareFilename	Firmware file
	cbfunc	Call-back function for progress
	uptr	User data that will be passed to call-back function when called
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonIllegalTarget, rmonNotGateway, rmonNoMonitorMode, rmonErrorReset, rmonCancelled, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile, rmonOldFormat, rmonNotModem, rmonDowngrade	

rmonFirmwareStartUpload()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State										
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFirmwareStartUpload(HRMONCON hCon, const char* Filename, struct rmonBGReport* Report, rmoncbprogress cbfunc, void* uptr);											
Description	<p>Upload firmware to RTCU.</p> <p>Function takes a .BIN firmware file, and transfers it to a RTCU device. Unlike rmonFirmwareUpload the function will not halt execution in the device, but start to upload the firmware in the background. The upload started with this function supports resume if the upload is interrupted. If the upload is interrupted the Report structure will contain the information needed to resume the upload using rmonFirmwareResumeUpload. The newly uploaded firmware is used after the device has been reset. Note that part of the voice memory in the X32 device is used for the update, and any voice data must be uploaded again. Use the function rmonVoiceMessagesAbove64K to determine if the use of this function will overwrite any voice data.</p>											
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr><tr><td>Filename</td><td>Zero terminated string with the firmware filename</td></tr><tr><td>Report</td><td>A structure containing progress status (see definition below)</td></tr><tr><td>cbfunc</td><td>Call-back function for progress</td></tr><tr><td>uptr</td><td>User data that will be passed to call-back function when called</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection	Filename	Zero terminated string with the firmware filename	Report	A structure containing progress status (see definition below)	cbfunc	Call-back function for progress	uptr	User data that will be passed to call-back function when called
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Filename	Zero terminated string with the firmware filename											
Report	A structure containing progress status (see definition below)											
cbfunc	Call-back function for progress											
uptr	User data that will be passed to call-back function when called											
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonCancelled, rmonNoBackground, rmonFileNotFound, rmonOldFormat, rmonIllegalFile, rmonIllegalTarget, rmonInterrupted, rmonDowngrade											
	<pre>struct rmonBGReport { unsigned long extSeg; // External segment written unsigned long intSeg; // Internal segment written unsigned long headSeg; // Header segment written };</pre>											

rmonFirmwareResumeUpload()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State										
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFirmwareResumeUpload(HRMONCON hCon, const char* Filename, struct rmonBGReport* Report, rmoncbprogress cbfunc, void* uptr);											
Description	<p>Upload firmware to RTCU.</p> <p>Function takes a report containing a .BIN firmware file and progress status, and resumes where the upload was interrupted. If the upload is interrupted the Report structure will contain the information needed to resume the upload.</p> <p>Note that this function cannot be used to start a new upload, only complete an interrupted upload.</p> <p>Note that part of the voice memory in the X32 device is used for the update and voice data must be uploaded again.</p>											
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rmonApplicationUpload()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State								
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonApplicationUpload(HRMONCON hCon, char *Filename, rmoncbprogress cbfunc, void *uptr);									
Description	Uploads application to RTCU Function takes a .VSX, a .PSX or a .RPC file, and transfers it to a RTCU. Please note that the execution of the VPL program in the RTCU device must be halted with rmonHalt(), before calling this function ! The RTCU will have to be reset after the transfer, to start the new application.									
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr><tr><td>Filename</td><td>Zero terminated string with the filename of the application</td></tr><tr><td>cbfunc</td><td>Call back function for progress</td></tr><tr><td>uptr</td><td>User data that will be passed to call back function when called</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection	Filename	Zero terminated string with the filename of the application	cbfunc	Call back function for progress	uptr	User data that will be passed to call back function when called
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Filename	Zero terminated string with the filename of the application									
cbfunc	Call back function for progress									
uptr	User data that will be passed to call back function when called									
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonErrorHalt, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile, rmonNotProgrammable, rmonCancelled, rmonTargetError, rmonIllegalTarget, rmonImageTooLarge, rmonImageSupport									

rmonApplicationStartUpload()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State										
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonApplicationStartUpload(HRMONCON hCon, const char* Filename, struct rmonBGReport* Report, rmoncbprogress cbfunc, void *uptr);											
Description	<p>Uploads application to RTCU</p> <p>Function takes a Report containing a .VSX, a .PSX or a .RPC file, and transfers the file to a RTCU. The upload will be performed in the background without interfering with the running application. The upload started with this function supports resume if the upload is interrupted. If the upload is interrupted the Report structure will contain the information needed to resume the upload using rmonApplicationResumeUpload.</p> <p>The newly uploaded application is used after the device has been reset.</p> <p>Note that the voice memory in the X32 device is used, and any voice data must be uploaded again. Use the function rmonVoiceMessagesAbove64K to determine if the use of this function will overwrite any voice data.</p>											
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cbfunc	Call back function for progress											
uptr	User data that will be passed to call back function when called											
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonIllegalTarget, rmonCancelled, rmonNoBackground, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile, rmonNotProgrammable, rmonInterrupted, rmonImageTooLarge, rmonImageSupport											
	<pre>struct rmonBGReport { unsigned long extSeg; // External segment written unsigned long intSeg; // Internal segment written unsigned long headSeg; // Header segment written };</pre>											

rmonApplicationResumeUpload()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonApplicationResumeUpload(HRMONCON hCon, const char* Filename, struct rmonBGReport* Report, rmoncbprogress cbfunc, void *uptr);	
Description	<p>Uploads application to RTCU</p> <p>Function takes a report containing a .VSX, a .PSX or a .RPC file and progress status, and resumes where the upload was interrupted. If the upload is interrupted the Report structure will contain the information needed to resume the upload.</p> <p>Note that this function cannot be used to start a new upload, only complete an interrupted upload.</p> <p>Note that the voice memory in the X32 device is used, and any voice data must be uploaded again.</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Filename	Zero terminated string with the filename of the application
	Report	A structure containing progress status (see definition below)
	cbfunc	Call back function for progress
	uptr	User data that will be passed to call back function when called
Returns	<p>rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonIllegalTarget, rmonCancelled, rmonNoBackground, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile, rmonNotProgrammable, rmonInterrupted, rmonImageTooLarge, rmonImageSupport</p> <pre> struct rmonBGReport { unsigned long extSeg; // External segment written unsigned long intSeg; // Internal segment written unsigned long headSeg; // Header segment written }; </pre>	

rmonVoiceUpload()		RTCU architecture: X32 & NX32 Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonVoiceUpload(HRMONCON hCon, char *ProjectFilename, rmoncbprogress cbfunc, void *uptr);	
Description	<p>Upload Voice messages to RTCU.</p> <p>Function transfers all voice messages associated with a RTCU project.</p> <p>It is important that the relative directory structure for the project is maintained as when the project was built in the RTCU IDE environment, otherwise the function will have trouble locating the voice message files.</p> <p>Please note that the execution of the VPL program in the RTCU device must be halted with rmonHalt(), before calling this function ! The RTCU will have to be reset after the transfer for the new voice messages to take effect.</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	ProjectFilename	Project filename
	cbfunc	Call back function for progress
	uptr	User data that will be passed to call back function when called
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonCancelled, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile, rmonMemoryConfig, rmonImageTooLarge	

rmonNumOfVoiceMessages()		RTCU architecture: n/a Called in: All states
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonNumOfVoiceMessages(char *ProjectFilename, int *NumFiles);	
Description	Determine how many voice messages is included in a project. This is useful for determining if the rmonVoiceUpload() function has to be called when uploading a complete project to a RTCU device.	
Input	ProjectFilename	Project filename
	NumFile	Number of voice file in PRJ file
Returns	rmonOK, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile	

rmonCheckTransfer()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State	
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonCheckTransfer(HRMONCON hCon, int type, const char* filename, int* report);		
Description	Determine if there are any special considerations for performing a transfer.		
Input	hCon	Handle to connection.	
	Type	The type of transfer to check, see below.	
	filename	The name of the file to transfer.	
Output	report	Report on special conditions, see below.	
Returns	rmonOK, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile		
Type of transfer:			
Symbolic name		Value	Description
RMONCT_APP_DIRECT		1	Direct application transfer.
RMONCT_APP_BACKGROUND		2	Background application transfer.
RMONCT_FW_DIRECT		3	Direct firmware transfer.
RMONCT_FW_BACKGROUND		4	Background transfer.
RMONCT_VOICE		5	Voice transfer.
Transfer report:			
Symbolic name		Value	Description
RMONCT_REP_VOICE		1	Voice in device will be erased.
RMONCT_REP_FW300		2	Firmware version 3.00 is required.
RMONCT_REP_DENIED		3	Voice transfer is not possible.

rmonApplicationFilename()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonApplicationFilename(const char* ProjectFilename, char* Filename);	
Description	Provided with the name of the project file, this function determines the name of the corresponding application file.	
Input	ProjectFilename	ASCIIZ string with the name of the project file with the file extension .PRJ
Output	Filename	Name of application file generated from project. Must be large enough to store a filename with the same length as ProjectFilename.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile	

Manipulation of Persistent memory

The Persistent memory of the RTCU device, can be manipulated with this set of functions. The FLASH based Persistent memory in the RTCU devices, is accessible from VPL using the functions SaveData/LoadData, SaveString/LoadString. The FRAM based memory, is accessible with the functions SaveDataF / LoadDataF, SaveStringF / LoadStringF.

rmonPersistentRead()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State	
Synopsis		rmonRet __stdcall rmonPersistentRead(HRMONCON hCon, int first, int last, int type, char* data, rmoncbprogress pfunc, void* uptr, int reserved);	
Description		Reads a range of entries from Persistent memory with bounds check.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection	
	first	1 based index of first entry to read	
	last	1 based index of last entry to read	
	type	The type of persistent memory to read from, see below	
	pfunc	Pointer to progress callback function	
	uptr	Pointer to user argument used when reporting progress.	
	reserved	Reserved for future use. Must be set to zero	
Output	data	Buffer to store the data in. The buffer is handled as a packed array of the structure rmonPersistEntry, see below.	
Returns		rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError, rmonCancelled, rmonIllegalAccess	
type:			
Symbolic name		Value	Description
RMON_TYPE_FRAM		1	FRAM
RMON_TYPE_FLASH		2	FLASH
RMON_TYPE_XFLASH		3	Exterded FLASH
<pre>struct rmonPersistEntry { unsigned char type; // The type of entry, see below short length; // The number of bytes in the entry unsigned char data[255]; // The contents of the persistent entry };</pre>			
type:			
Symbolic name		Value	Description
RMON_PERSIST_TEXT		1	Text entry
RMON_PERSIST_BINARY		2	Binary entry

rmonPersistentWrite()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State																					
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonPersistentRead(HRMONCON hCon, int first, int last, int type, char* data, rmoncbprogress pfunc, void* uptr, int reserved);																						
Description	Writes a range of entries from Persistent memory with bounds check.																						
Input	hCon	Handle to connection																					
	first	1 based index of first entry to read																					
	last	1 based index of last entry to read																					
	type	The type of persistent memory to write to, see below																					
	data	Buffer with entries to write. The buffer is handled as a packed array of the structure rmonPersistEntry, see below.																					
	pfunc	Pointer to progress callback function																					
	uptr	Pointer to user argument used when reporting progress.																					
	reserved	Reserved for future use. Must be set to zero																					
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonError, rmonIllegalAccess type: <table> <tr> <th>Symbolic name</th><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>RMON_TYPE_FRAM</td><td>1</td><td>FRAM</td></tr> <tr> <td>RMON_TYPE_FLASH</td><td>2</td><td>FLASH</td></tr> <tr> <td>RMON_TYPE_XFLASH</td><td>3</td><td>Externded FLASH</td></tr> </table> <pre> struct rmonPersistEntry { unsigned char type; // The type of entry, see below short length; // The number of bytes in the entry unsigned char data[255]; // The contents of the persistent entry }; </pre> type: <table> <tr> <th>Symbolic name</th><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>RMON_PERSIST_TEXT</td><td>1</td><td>Text entry</td></tr> <tr> <td>RMON_PERSIST_BINARY</td><td>2</td><td>Binary entry</td></tr> </table>		Symbolic name	Value	Description	RMON_TYPE_FRAM	1	FRAM	RMON_TYPE_FLASH	2	FLASH	RMON_TYPE_XFLASH	3	Externded FLASH	Symbolic name	Value	Description	RMON_PERSIST_TEXT	1	Text entry	RMON_PERSIST_BINARY	2	Binary entry
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Symbolic name	Value	Description																					
RMON_PERSIST_TEXT	1	Text entry																					
RMON_PERSIST_BINARY	2	Binary entry																					

rmonReadPersistentFRAM()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonReadPersistentFRAM(HRMONCON hCon, int entry, char *data, int *length, int binary);	
Description	<p>Read FRAM based persistent entry.</p> <p>This function reads a specific entry from FRAM based Persistent memory in the RTCU. When called, you must specify what type of data you are expecting to read, if the specified type of data is not present, the function returns rmonNoData, otherwise the data and length are returned.</p> <p>Data read with this function, can be stored from VPL with the functions SaveStringF() and SaveDataF()</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	entry	Entry number, from 1 to 20 on X32 and from 1 to 100 on NX32 and NX32L.
	binary	Set to 1 if expecting binary data, 0 if string expected
Output	data	Buffer for data (must be large enough!)
	length	The number of bytes read from the entry
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData, rmonError	

rmonWritePersistentFRAM()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonWritePersistentFRAM(HRMONCON hCon, int entry, char *data, int length, int binary);	
Description	<p>Write to FRAM based persistent entry.</p> <p>This function writes either binary data or a string to a specific entry in the FRAM based persistent memory in the RTCU. When called, you must specify what type of data you are storing.</p> <p>Data stored with this function, can be read from VPL with the functions LoadStringF() and LoadDataF().</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	entry	Entry number, from 1 to 20 on X32 and from 1 to 100 on NX32 and NX32L.
	data	The data to store
	length	Length of data
	binary	Set to 1 if storing binary data, 0 if string
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonError	

rmonReadPersistentFLASH()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonReadPersistentFLASH(HRMONCON hCon, int entry, char *data, int *length, int binary);	
Description	<p>Read FLASH based persistent entry</p> <p>This function reads a specific entry from FLASH based persistent memory in the RTCU. When called, you must specify what type of data you are expecting to read, if the specified type of data is not present, the function returns rmonNoData, otherwise the data and length are returned.</p> <p>Data read with this function can be stored from VPL with the functions SaveString() and SaveData().</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	entry	Entry number, from 1 to 192
	binary	Set to 1 if expecting binary data, 0 if string expected
Output	data	Buffer for data (must be large enough!)
	length	The number of bytes read from the entry
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData, rmonError	

rmonWritePersistentFLASH()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonWritePersistentFLASH(HRMONCON hCon, int entry, char *data, int length, int binary);	
Description	<p>Write to FLASH based persistent entry.</p> <p>This function writes either binary data or a string to a specific entry in the FLASH based persistent memory in the RTCU. When called, you must specify what type of data you are storing.</p> <p>Data stored with this function, can be read from VPL with the functions LoadString() and LoadData().</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	entry	Entry number, from 1 to 192
	data	The data to store
	length	Length of data
	binary	Set to 1 if storing binary data, 0 if string
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonError	

rmonGetXFLASHSize()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetXFLASHSize(HRMONCON hCon, int *size);	
Description	Get the number of entries in extended FLASH. This function is identical to the VPL function GetFlashXSize().	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	size	Number of entries in extended flash.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonReadPersistentXFLASH()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonReadPersistentXFLASH(HRMONCON hCon, int entry, char *data, int *length, int binary);	
Description	Read extended FLASH based persistent entry This function reads a specific entry from extended FLASH based persistent memory in the RTCU. When called, you must specify what type of data you are expecting to read, if the specified type of data is not present, the function returns rmonNoData, otherwise the data and length are returned. Data read with this function can be stored from VPL with the functions SaveStringX() and SaveDataX().	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	entry	Entry number, from 1 to Size (Determined with the function rmonGetXFLASHSize)
	binary	Set to 1 if expecting binary data, 0 if string expected
Output	data	Buffer for data (must be large enough!)
	length	The number of bytes read from the entry
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError. rmonError, rmonNoData	

rmonWritePersistentXFLASH()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonWritePersistentXFLASH(HRMONCON hCon, int entry, char *data, int length, int binary);	
Description	Write to extended FLASH based persistent entry. This function writes either binary data or a string to a specific entry in the extended FLASH based persistent memory in the RTCU. When called, you must specify what type of data you are storing. Data stored with this function, can be read from VPL with the functions LoadStringX() and LoadDataX().	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	entry	Entry number, from 1 to Size (Determined with the function rmonGetXFLASHSize)
	data	The data to store
	length	Length of data
	binary	Set to 1 if storing binary data, 0 if string
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError. rmonError	

Datalogger

The built-in datalogger of the RTCU device can be manipulated with this set of functions. The log can be read, searched and cleared etc. For a more detailed description of the datalogger in the RTCU devices, please refer to the online help for the RTCU IDE.

The read and write pointer is NOT shared with the VPL application

rmonLogFirst()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogFirst(HRMONCON hCon)	
Description	Moves the current read pointer to the first (oldest) entry in the datalogger	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonLogLast()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogLast(HRMONCON hCon)	
Description	Moves the current read pointer to the last (newest) entry in the datalogger..	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonLogReadExt()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State																											
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogReadExt(HRMONCON hCon, int operation, int* values_per_rec, int* entries_in_buffer, char* buffer);																												
Description	This function reads up to 146 log entries from the datalogger each time it is called. When it is called, the current read pointer is either incremented or decremented, according to the operation parameter.																												
Input	hCon	Handle to connection																											
	operation	RMONLOGGET_NEXT or RMONLOGGET_PREV																											
Output	values_per_rec	Number of values in each log entry, maximum 8																											
	entries_in_buffer	Number of entries in the buffer, maximum 146																											
	buffer	Buffer containing the read entries. The entries are placed directly after each other, and the format of each entry can be seen below. The required size of the buffer is depends on the type of connection: Cable (standard data size): 240 byte. Remote (standard data size): 480 byte. When large data is enabled(see Error! Reference source not found.): Cable (large data size): 1024 byte.																											
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData, rmonNoMoreData Entry format:																												
	<table> <tr> <th>Data type</th><th>Size (byte)</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>signed char</td><td>1</td><td>Year relative to year 2000</td></tr> <tr> <td>unsigned char</td><td>1</td><td>Month, 1..12</td></tr> <tr> <td>unsigned char</td><td>1</td><td>Date, 1..31</td></tr> <tr> <td>unsigned char</td><td>1</td><td>Hour, 0..23</td></tr> <tr> <td>unsigned char</td><td>1</td><td>Minute, 0..59</td></tr> <tr> <td>unsigned char</td><td>1</td><td>Second, 0..59</td></tr> <tr> <td>unsigned char</td><td>1</td><td>Tag</td></tr> <tr> <td>int[n]</td><td>0-32</td><td>Log values, where n is the number of values in each entry (0-8)</td></tr> </table>	Data type	Size (byte)	Description	signed char	1	Year relative to year 2000	unsigned char	1	Month, 1..12	unsigned char	1	Date, 1..31	unsigned char	1	Hour, 0..23	unsigned char	1	Minute, 0..59	unsigned char	1	Second, 0..59	unsigned char	1	Tag	int[n]	0-32	Log values, where n is the number of values in each entry (0-8)	
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unsigned char	1	Tag																											
int[n]	0-32	Log values, where n is the number of values in each entry (0-8)																											

rmonLogGetValuesPerRecord()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogGetValuesPerRecord(HRMONCON hCon, int* numberofvalues)	
Description	This function returns information about how many values (up to 8) are stored at each record in the datalogger (is configured via the VPL program in the RTCU device)	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	numberofvalues	The number of values stored in each record in the datalogger.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonLogClear()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogClear(HRMONCON hCon)			
Description	Clears data in the RTCU datalogger. The current datastructure in the RTCU datalogger is maintained.			
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection
hCon	Handle to connection			
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNotInit			

rmonLogGotoLinsec()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogGotoLinsec(HRMONCON hCon, struct rmonRTCTime timestamp, unsigned char direction)	
Description	rmonLogGotoLinsec will search for an entry in the datalogger, that matches the specified timestamp, and if no match is found, it will select the nearest record (if any). It is possible to specify the search direction as either forward or backward.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	timestamp	Complete time of record to search for, Please refer to the definition of rmonRTCTime below
	direction	False (0) means backwards search, True (different from 0) means forward search
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonNoData	

rmonLogReadByTag()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogReadByTag(HRMONCON hCon, int operation, unsigned char tag, int* values_per_rec, int* entries_in_buffer, char* buffer);	
Description	This function reads up to 146 log entries from the datalogger each time it is called. When it is called, the current read pointer is either incremented or decremented, according to the operation parameter.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	operation	RMONLOGGET_NEXT or RMONLOGGET_PREV
	tag	The tag that is used to filter datalog entries
Output	values_per_rec	Number of values in each log entry, maximum 8
	entries_in_buffer	Number of entries in the buffer, maximum 146
	buffer	Buffer containing the read entries. The entries are placed directly after each other, and the format of each entry can be seen below. The required size of the buffer is depends on the type of connection: Cable (standard data size): 240 byte. Remote (standard data size): 480 byte. When large data is enabled(see rmonEnableLargeData()): Cable (large data size): 1024 byte.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData, rmonNoMoreData Entry format:	
	Data type	Size (byte) Description
	signed char	1 Year relative to year 2000
	unsigned char	1 Month, 1..12
	unsigned char	1 Date, 1..31
	unsigned char	1 Hour, 0..23
	unsigned char	1 Minute, 0..59
	unsigned char	1 Second, 0..59
	unsigned char	1 Tag
	int[n]	0-32 Log values, where n is the number of values in each entry (0-8)

rmonLogSeek()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonLogSeek(HRMONCON hCon, short tag, short n)	
Description	rmonLogSeek will search for an entry in the datalogger, that matches the specified tag, and move n records from there. The n parameter determines the direction of the search.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	tag	The tag to search for.
	n	The number of records to move. > 0 (zero): Seek forward. = 0 (zero): No effect. < 0 (zero): Seek Backwards.

Returns rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonNoData

I/O system functions

This group of functions allows access to the physical in- and outputs of the RTCU device, as well as the memory I/O system. The memory I/O system is accessible thru the VPL program as normal VAR_INPUT/VAR_OUTPUT variables. The variables must be configured in the RTCU IDE job configuration to either "To memory" or "From Memory", depending on if they are declared as VAR_INPUT or VAR_OUTPUT variables.

The memory I/O system is 4096 elements.

rmonReadIOMemory()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonReadIOMemory(HRMONCON hCon, int location, int count, int type, void *data);	
Description	This function read from the memory I/O system in the RTCU. It is possible to indicate what type of data is stored at each location read; this is to help the function minimizing communication traffic.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	location	This is the start location to read from, 0 based.
	count	Number of memory locations to read
	type	1=BOOL, 2=SINT, 3=INT, 4=DINT, this is the type of data to read from each location
Output	data	Data read from the RTCU will be stored in this buffer (must be 'count' number long, and of the same type at 'type' specifies (BOOL and SINT is 1 byte, INT is 2 bytes and DINT is 4 bytes) The required size of the buffer is depends on the type of connection: Cable (standard data size): 240 byte. Remote (standard data size): 480 byte. When large data is enabled(see Error! Reference source not found.): Cable (large data size): 1024 byte.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonWriteIOMemory()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonWriteIOMemory(HRMONCON hCon, int location, int count, int type, void *data);	
Description	This function writes to the memory I/O system in the RTCU. It is possible to indicate what type of data is to be stored at each location; this is to help the function minimizing communication traffic. Please note that if the location(s) written to, is also used as VAR_OUTPUT variables by the VPL program in the RTCU device, the RTCU and this function will both write to the same location, in which case the writing done by this function, will be overwritten by the RTCU device itself (all I/O configured variables will be updated in each scan of the VPL program in the RTCU device).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	location	This is the start location to write to, 0 based.
	count	Number of memory locations to write
	type	1=BOOL, 2=SINT, 3=INT, 4=DINT
	data	Data written to the RTCU is taken from this buffer (must be 'count' number long, and of the same type at 'type' specifies (BOOL and SINT is 1 byte, INT is 2 bytes and DINT is 4 bytes) The required size of the buffer is depends on the type of connection: Cable (standard data size): 240 byte. Remote (standard data size): 480 byte. When large data is enabled(see rmonEnableLargeData()) Error! Reference source not found.: Cable (large data size): 1024 byte.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonError	

rmonGetIOState()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetIOState(HRMONCON hCon, int iotype, int ioindex, int* value)	
Description	This function is used to read the state of the physical in- and output signals in the RTCU device. The 'iotype' indicates which input/output you are reading from, and 'ioindex' indicates which input- or output number you are reading.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	iotype	Select the type of I/O system you want to read from, see below
	ioindex	Valid index of IO to get value from. Starts with index 0
Output	value	Input or output value
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	
	Iotype:	
	Symbolic name	Value Description
	RMON_IOTYPE_DIN	1 Digital input
	RMON_IOTYPE_DOUT	2 Digital output
	RMON_IOTYPE_AIN	3 Analog input
	RMON_IOTYPE_AOUT	4 Analog output
	RMON_IOTYPE_LED	5 LED
	RMON_IOTYPE_DIPSW	6 Dip switch

rmonSetIOState()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State													
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetIOState(HRMONCON hCon, int iotype, int ioindex, int value)														
Description	<p>This function is used to set the status of the physical output signals in the RTCU device. The 'iotype' indicated which Output you are writing to, and 'ioindex' indicates which output number you are writing to.</p> <p>Please note that if the output written to, is also used as a VAR_OUTPUT variable by the VPL program in the RTCU device, the RTCU and this function will both write to the same output, in which case the writing done by this function will be overwritten by the RTCU device itself (all I/O configured variables will be updated in each scan of the VPL program in the RTCU device).</p>														
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr><tr><td>iotype</td><td>Select the type of output system you want to set, see below</td></tr><tr><td>ioindex</td><td>This is the number of the output, 0 based.</td></tr><tr><td>value</td><td>Value to set</td></tr></table>			hCon	Handle to connection	iotype	Select the type of output system you want to set, see below	ioindex	This is the number of the output, 0 based.	value	Value to set				
hCon	Handle to connection														
iotype	Select the type of output system you want to set, see below														
ioindex	This is the number of the output, 0 based.														
value	Value to set														
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError														
	iotype:														
	<table><tr><td>Symbolic name</td><td>Value</td><td>Description</td></tr><tr><td>RMON_IOTYPE_DOUT</td><td>2</td><td>Digital output</td></tr><tr><td>RMON_IOTYPE_AOUT</td><td>4</td><td>Analog output</td></tr><tr><td>RMON_IOTYPE_LED</td><td>5</td><td>LED</td></tr></table>			Symbolic name	Value	Description	RMON_IOTYPE_DOUT	2	Digital output	RMON_IOTYPE_AOUT	4	Analog output	RMON_IOTYPE_LED	5	LED
Symbolic name	Value	Description													
RMON_IOTYPE_DOUT	2	Digital output													
RMON_IOTYPE_AOUT	4	Analog output													
RMON_IOTYPE_LED	5	LED													

rmonGetIOCount()		RTCU architecture: X32, NX32 Called in: Connected State	
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetIOCount(HRMONCON hCon, struct rmonIOCount *data)		
Description	This function is used to read the number of inputs and outputs on the device. (Onboard and external)		
Input	hCon	Handle to connection	
Output	data	A structure that contains the I/O count	
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError typedef struct { unsigned char NumberOfAI; unsigned char NumberOfAO; unsigned char NumberOfDI; unsigned char NumberOfDO; unsigned char NumberOfDIPSW; unsigned char NumberOfLED; unsigned char NumberOfExtAI; unsigned char NumberOfExtAO; unsigned char NumberOfExtDI; unsigned char NumberOfExtDO; unsigned char NumberOfExtDIPSW; unsigned char NumberOfExtLED; } rmonIOCount;		

Real time clock

Functions that will read and set the realtime clock in the RTCU device.

The two functions, rmonGetRTC() and rmonSetRTC, both uses the following structure:

```
struct rmonRTCTime {
    unsigned short year;        // 2000..2048
    unsigned char  month;      // 01..12
    unsigned char  date;       // 01..31
    unsigned char  day;        // 01..07
    unsigned char  hour;       // 00..23
    unsigned char  minute;     // 00..59
    unsigned char  second;     // 00..59
};
```

rmonGetRTC()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetRTC(HRMONCON hCon, struct rmonRTCTime *rtc)	
Description	Reads the real time clock on the RTCU device. Returns the current time in a rmonRTCTime structure.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	rtc	Please refer to the definition of rmonRTCTime above
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonSetRTC()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetRTC(HRMONCON hCon, struct rmonRTCTime *rtc)	
Description	Sets the real time clock on the RTCU device. The time is supplied in a rmonRTCTime structure.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	rtc	Please refer to the definition of rmonRTCTime above
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

GSM/SMS functions

This is a set of functions, which allows you to read and set various parameters used in the RTCU devices interaction with the GSM module.

Also the functions allow you to send and receive “fake” SMS messages to/from the RTCU device. If the VPL program in the device sends an sms message to phone number “9999”, using the VPL function `gsmSendSMS()` / `gsmSendPDU()`, the message will be received by the library, and the message will then be available thru the function `rmonReceiveSMS()`. The same goes for your application, it can call `rmonSendSMS()`, and the VPL program in the RTCU can use `gsmIncomingSMS()` / `gsmIncomingPDU()` to receive this message sent from your application. This is a very easy to use way of communicating small messages back and forth between your PC application and the VPL application of the RTCU device.

rmonGetIMEI()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	<code>rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetIMEI(HRMONCON hCon, char *IMEInumber, int bufsize)</code>	
Description	is used for fetching the IMEI number of the GSM module	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	bufsize	Number of characters to read. If bufsize exceeds the number of characters in the number, only the number of characters present will be put in the output buffer.
Output	IMEInumber	This is where the information will be stored
Returns	<code>rmonOK</code> , <code>rmonComError</code> , <code>rmonIllegalHandle</code> , <code>rmonTargetError</code>	

rmonGetIMSI()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	<code>rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetIMSI(HRMONCON hCon, char *IMSInumber, int bufsize)</code>	
Description	is used for fetching the IMSI number of the GSM module	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	bufsize	Number of characters to read. If bufsize exceeds the number of characters in the number, only the number of characters present will be put in the output buffer.
Output	IMSInumber	This is where the information will be stored
Returns	<code>rmonOK</code> , <code>rmonComError</code> , <code>rmonIllegalHandle</code> , <code>rmonTargetError</code>	

rmonGetICCID()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	<code>rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetICCID(HRMONCON hCon, char *ICCIDnumber, int bufsize)</code>	
Description	() is used for fetching the ICCID number of the GSM module	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	bufsize	Number of characters to read. If bufsize exceeds the number of characters in the number, only the number of characters present will be put in the output buffer.
Output	ICCIDnumber	This is where the information will be stored

rmonReceiveSMSEnable()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonReceiveSMSEnable(HRMONCON hCon, int enable)	
Description	Using this function, it is possible to either enable or disable reception of the “fake” SMS messages from the RTCU device by the function. Note, if disabling, the rmonReceiveSMS() will still block, waiting for a message to arrive.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	enable	0=disable, 1=enable
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonGetGSMSignalLevel()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetGSMSignalLevel(HRMONCON hCon, int* signal)	
Description	This functions returns the GSM signal level. (This function does the same as the VPL function gsmSignalLevel()).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	signal	The GSM signal strength or 0 (zero) if not connected.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonSetAllowedCallerList()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetAllowedCallerList (HRMONCON hCon, const char numbers[81])	
Description	Sets list of allowed phone numbers that can make incoming data calls to the RTCU. Phone numbers must be separated with the “,” character. The list of allowed callers can also be set from the RTCU IDE (menu: Device -> Configuration -> GSM options). (This function does the same as the VPL function gsmSetListOfCallers()).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	numbers	List of phonenumbers separated by “,” character
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonGetAllowedCallerList()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetAllowedCallerList(HRMONCON hCon, char numbers[81])	
Description	Fetches list of allowed caller numbers set in rmonSetAllowedCallerList(). The list of allowed callers may also be fetched from the RTCU IDE (menu: Device -> Configuration -> GSM options). (This function does the same as the VPL function gsmGetListOfCallers()).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	numbers	List of allowed caller numbers separated by “,” character.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonSetGSMPIN()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetGSMPIN (HRMONCON hCon, const char pin[5])	
Description	Sets the SIM PIN code to use for the SIM card in the RTCU device. This does NOT change the PIN code on the SIM card, it simply tells the RTCU device which PIN code to use when powering up the GSM module ! An empty string will disable use of PIN code (SIM PIN code must be disabled on the SIM card, use a normal mobile telephone for doing this) Specifying a wrong GSM pin code will cause a RTCU fault. If the RTCU is restarted more than 3 times with the wrong SIM pin code, the SIM card will be locked, and it must be unlocked in a normal mobile phone, using the GSM operator supplied PUK code ! Please notice the SIM PIN code may also be set using the RTCU IDE (menu: Device -> Configuration -> GSM options) (This function does the same as the VPL function gsmSetPin()).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	pin	New SIM PIN code to be set
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonGetGSMPIN()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetGSMPIN (HRMONCON hCon, const char pin[5])	
Description	Fetches the GSM SIM PIN code from the RTCU (see rmonSetGSMPin() above). An empty string denotes that the PIN code has been disabled.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	pin	Current SIM PIN code. Empty string specifies the PIN code to be currently disabled
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

Filesystem functions

This is a set of functions that offers a broad range of operations on the file system present in the RTCU device.

The filesystem error-codes start from 100, but are otherwise identical to the VPL ones:

Symbolic name	Value	Description
RMONFS_INVALIDDRIVE	101	The media is not opened
RMONFS_NOTFOUND	105	The directory or file is not found
RMONFS_DUPLICATED	106	The directory or file already exist
RMONFS_NOMOREENTRY	107	The media is full
RMONFS_NOTOPEN	108	The file is not open
RMONFS_LOCKED	112	The file is in use
RMONFS_NOTEMPTY	114	The directory is not empty
RMONFS_CARDREMOVED	116	The media is not present
RMONFS_ONDRIVE	117	Media communication error
RMONFS_BUSY	122	The media is busy
RMONFS_WRITEPROTECT	123	The media is write-protected
RMONFS_FILEACCESS	138	The file is no longer accessible and must be closed
RMONFS_EXTENSION	139	The media is busy with Platform extension

The filesystem functions has these limitations in addition to the ones for the file system in general (See the RTCU IDE Online-help/Manual):

A client can only have one open file at any given time. If more files are opened, the already open file is closed.

The working directory is shared with all other clients connected to the device. Because of this it is recommended to use absolute paths where possible.

The media available:

Media ID	Drive	Description
0	A:	The SD-CARD.
1	B:	The Internal drive.
2	P:	The Intellisync Project drive.
3	U:	The USB Mass storage drive.*

* The USB Mass storage drive is only available on NX32L devices with an USB host port.

rmonMediaPresent()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaPresent(HRMONCON hCon, int media, int* state, int* fserr)	
Description	Queries whether the Media is present or not.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
Output	State	=0 (zero) if media is not present. <>0 (zero) if media is present
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonMediaWriteprotected()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaWriteprotected (HRMONCON hCon, int media, int* state, int* fserr)	
Description	Queries whether the Media is write protected or not.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
Output	State	=0 (zero) if media is not write protected. <>0 (zero) if media is write protected.
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonMediaOpen()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaopen (HRMONCON hCon, int media, int* fserr)	
Description	Open the media for use with the filesystem.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonMediaClose()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaopen (HRMONCON hCon, int media, int* fserr)	
Description	Close the media for use with the filesystem.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonMediaQuickformat()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaQuickformat (HRMONCON hCon, int media, int* fserr)	
Description	Quick formats the media.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonMediaQuickformatX()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaQuickformatX (HRMONCON hCon, int media, int flags, int* fserr)	
Description	Quick formats the media.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
	flags	Option flags to control the behaviour of the format. (Only used by NX32L devices)
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	
	flags:	
	Symbolic name	Value Description
	RMONFS_FMTFLAG_FULL	1 Perform full format of drive

rmonMediaEject()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaEject(HRMONCON hCon, int media, int* fserr)	
Description	Eject the media.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonMediaInformation()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State										
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaInformation(HRMONCON hCon, struct rmonMediaInfo media[8])											
Description	<p>Queries the device for which media is mounted, what type of media it is, and the capacity of the media.</p> <p>The media type can be one of the following:</p> <table><tr><td>0</td><td>Not mounted</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>SD-CARD</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Internal FLASH</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Intellisync Project Drive</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>USB Mass storage drive</td></tr></table>		0	Not mounted	1	SD-CARD	2	Internal FLASH	3	Intellisync Project Drive	4	USB Mass storage drive
0	Not mounted											
1	SD-CARD											
2	Internal FLASH											
3	Intellisync Project Drive											
4	USB Mass storage drive											
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>	hCon	Handle to connection									
hCon	Handle to connection											
Output	<table><tr><td>media</td><td>An array of media information structures.</td></tr></table>	media	An array of media information structures.									
media	An array of media information structures.											
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError											
	<pre>struct rmonMediaInfo { unsigned char Type; // Type of media unsigned long Size; // Size of the media, lower 32bits unsigned long SizeHi; // Size of the media, upper 32bits };</pre>											

rmonMediaSize()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonMediaSize(HRMONCON hCon, int media, unsigned long* SizeLo, unsigned long* SizeHi, unsigned long* FreeLo, unsigned long* FreeHi)	
Description	Retrieve the total size and free size of a media.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	media	The media ID. (See introduction for available media)
Output	SizeLo	The total size of the media, lower 32 bits.
	SizeHi	The total size of the media, upper 32 bits.
	FreeLo	The free size of the media, lower 32 bits.
	FreeHi	The free size of the media, upper 32 bits.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFSStatusLED()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFSStatusLED(HRMONCON hCon, int enable, int* fserr)	
Description	Using this function, it is possible to either enable or disable the filesystem status LED's.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Enable	0=disable, 1=enable
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonDirCreate()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonDirCreate(HRMONCON hCon, const char name[61], int* fserr)	
Description	Create a new directory.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Name	Name of the directory to create. (60 characters + 0 (zero) terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonDirChange()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonDirChange(HRMONCON hCon, const char path[61], int* fserr)	
Description	Change the working directory.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Path	Path to the new working directory. (60 characters + 0 (zero) terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonDirCurrent()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonDirCurrent(HRMONCON hCon, char path[61], int* fserr)	
Description	Retrieve the absolute path to the working directory	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	Path	The absolute path to the working directory. (60 characters + 0 (zero) terminator)
	Fserr	Error code from the file system.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonDirCatalog()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonDirCatalog(HRMONCON hCon, short index, char name[15], struct rmonRTCTime* time, long* length, int* fserr)	
Description	Retrieves the information of an entry in the working directory.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Index	The index of the directory entry to retrieve.
Output	Name	The name of the directory entry. (14 characters + zero terminator)
	Time	The creation time of the file. Uses the same structure as rmonGetRTC. Not used for directories.
	Length	The size of the file. Not used for directories.
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonDirCatalogX()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonDirCatalog(HRMONCON hCon, char* wild, rmoncbdirent pfunc, void* uptr, int* fserr)	
Description	Retrieves the information of all the entries in the working directory that matches the provided wildcard string	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	wild	Wildcard string to search for. The wildcards ? for any one character and * for any number of characters are supported.
	pfunc	Pointer to callback function which is called for each directory item.
	uptr	Pointer to user argument used in callback function
Output	fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError, rmonCancelled	
The call-back function is defined as follows: typedef int (__stdcall *rmoncbdirent)(void* uptr, const char* filename, unsigned char type, long timestamp, unsigned long size);		
Type:		
Symbolic name	Value	Description
RMONFS_TYPE_FILE	0	File
RMONFS_TYPE_FOLDER	1	Directory

rmonDirDelete()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonDirDelete(HRMONCON hCon, const char name[61], int* fserr)	
Description	Delete a directory.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Name	The name of the directory. (60 characters + zero terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileCreate()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileCreate(HRMONCON hCon, const char name[61], int* fserr)	
Description	Creates a new file. If a file is already open, it will be closed before the new file is created.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Name	The name of the file to create. (60 characters + zero terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileOpen()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileOpen(HRMONCON hCon, const char name[61], int* fserr)	
Description	Opens a file. If a file is already open, it will be closed before the new file is opened.	
Input	HCon	Handle to connection
	Name	The name of the file to create. (60 characters + zero terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileExists()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileExists(HRMONCON hCon, const char name[61], char* state, int* fserr)	
Description	Query whether a file exists.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Name	The name of the file to create. (60 characters + zero terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	State	=0 (zero) if file does not exist. <>0 (zero) if file does exist.
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileRename()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileRename(HRMONCON hCon, const char name_old[61], const char name_new[13], int* fserr)	
Description	Renames a file	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Name_new	The new name of the file. (12 characters + zero terminator)
	Name_old	The name of the file to rename. Both absolute and relative paths can be used (60 characters + zero terminator)
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileDelete()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileDelete(HRMONCON hCon, const char name[61], int* fserr)	
Description	Delete a file.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Name	The name of the file to create. (60 characters + zero terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	State	=0 (zero) if file does not exist. <>0 (zero) if file does exist.
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileStatus()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State				
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileStatus(HRMONCON hCon, int* status, int* fserr)					
Description	Retrieve the status of the open file.					
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection		
hCon	Handle to connection					
Output	<table><tr><td>Status</td><td>The status of the file. Identical to the return value of the fsFileStatus VPL function.</td></tr><tr><td>Fserr</td><td>Error code from the filesystem.</td></tr></table>		Status	The status of the file. Identical to the return value of the fsFileStatus VPL function.	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Status	The status of the file. Identical to the return value of the fsFileStatus VPL function.					
Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.					
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError					

rmonFileGetInfo()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileGetInfo(HRMONCON hCon, const char name[61], struct rmonRTCTime* time, long* length, int* fserr)	
Description	Retrieve the size and creation timestamp of a file.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	name	The name of the file. (60 characters + zero terminator) Both absolute and relative path can be used.
Output	Time	The creation timestamp. Please refer to the definition of rmonRTCTime above (Page 40)
	Length	The size of the file in bytes.
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileSeek()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileSeek(HRMONCON hCon, long offset, int* fserr)	
Description	Moves the file pointer.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Offset	The new position relative to the Start of file. >0 (zero) – Position in file. =0 (zero) – Start of file. -1 – End of file.
Output	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFilePosition()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFilePosition(HRMONCON hCon, long* position, int* fserr)	
Description	Retrieve the file pointer position of the open file.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	Position	The file pointer position
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileRead()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileRead(HRMONCON hCon, int elemcnt, char* buffer, int* elemread, int* fserr, rmoncbprogress pfunc, void* uptr)	
Description	Read a block of data from file.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Elemcnt	The number of bytes to read from file.
	Pfunc	Pointer to function where progress is reported.
	Arg	Pointer to user argument used when reporting progress.
Output	Buffer	The buffer where the data read from the file is stored.
	elemread	The number of bytes read from file.
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileReadString()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileReadString(HRMONCON hCon, char str[241], int* elemread, int* fserr)	
Description	Reads a string from the file. The function will read until a <CR><LF> termination sequence is found or the buffer is full (240 characters).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	str	The buffer where the string read from the file is stored. (240 characters + zero terminator)
	elemread	The number of bytes read from file.
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileWrite()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileWrite(HRMONCON hCon, int elemcnt, char* buffer, int* elemwr, int* fserr, rmoncbprogress pfunc, void* uptr)	
Description	Write a block of data to file.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	elemcnt	The number of bytes to write to file.
	Buffer	The buffer where the data to write is stored.
	pfunc	Pointer to function where progress is reported.
	uptr	Pointer to user argument used when reporting progress.
Output	elemwr	The number of bytes written to file
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileWriteString()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileWriteString(HRMONCON hCon, const char str[241], int* elemwr, int* fserr)	
Description	Write a string to file.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	str	The string to write to file. (240 characters + zero terminator)
Output	elemwr	The number of bytes written to file
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileWriteStringNL()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileWriteStringNL(HRMONCON hCon, const char str[241], int* elemwr, int* fserr)	
Description	Write a string to file. <CR><LF> are appended.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	str	The string to write to file. (240 characters + zero terminator)
Output	elemwr	The number of bytes written to file
	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFileClose()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileClose(HRMONCON hCon, int* fserr)			
Description	Close the file.			
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>	hCon	Handle to connection	
hCon	Handle to connection			
Output	<table><tr><td>Fserr</td><td>Error code from the filesystem.</td></tr></table>	Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.	
Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.			
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError			

rmonFileFlush()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFileFlush(HRMONCON hCon, int* fserr)			
Description	Flush cached write operations to media.			
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection
hCon	Handle to connection			
Output	<table><tr><td>Fserr</td><td>Error code from the filesystem.</td></tr></table>		Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.
Fserr	Error code from the filesystem.			
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError			

Security functions

The certificates of the RTCU device can be manipulated by this set of functions.

For a more detailed description of security in the RTCU devices, please refer to the online help for the RTCU IDE.

rmonSecurityImport()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSecurityImport(HRMONCON hCon, const char* name, const char* filename_cert, const char* filename_key, const int replace)	
Description	Import a certificate to the device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	name	The name of the certificate
	filename_cert	The file name of the certificate to import.
	filename_key	Optional file name of private encryption key to include with the certificate.
	replace	0 = Fail if a certificate with the name already exists, 1 = Replace existing certificate.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonFileNotFound, rmonIllegalFile, rmonError	

rmonSecurityRemove()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSecurityRemove(HRMONCON hCon, const char* name)	
Description	Remove a certificate from the device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	name	The name of the certificate
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError	

rmonSecurityInfo()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSecurityInfo(HRMONCON hCon, const char* name, rmoncbcertificate pfunc, void* arg)	
Description	Fetches information about a certificate from the device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	name	The name of the certificate
	pfunc	Pointer to callback function which is called with the certificate information
	arg	Pointer to user argument used in callback function
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError	
	The call-back function is defined as follows:	
	typedef int (__stdcall *rmoncbcertificate)(void* uptr, const char* name, unsigned char type, unsigned key, const char* subject, const char* issuer, long linsec_from, long linsec_to);	

rmonObjectReadX()

RTCU architecture: All
Called in: Connected State

Synopsis

rmonRet __stdcall rmonObjectRead(HRMONCON hCon, const int table, const char* name, rmoncobjectx output, void* uptr)

Description

Fetches objects from the.device.

Input

hCon	Handle to connection
table	The object table to use
name	The name of the object. Wildcards can be used.
output	Pointer to callback function which is called for each object read
uptr	Pointer to user argument used in callback function

Returns

rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError, rmonNoData

The call-back function is defined as follows:

typedef int (__stdcall *rmoncobjectx)(void* uptr, const char* name, int type, int size, unsigned char* data, unsigned long flags, int min_size, unsigned char* min_val, int max_size, unsigned char* max_val, const char* description);

uptr	User pointer
name	The name of the object
type	The type of the object. (See object types above)
size	The size of the data in bytes
data	The object data.
flags	Object flags. See table below.
min_size	The size of the min_val parameter in bytes.
min_val	Pointer to a buffer, containing the minimum value or the minimum length, of the object.
max_size	The size of the max_val parameter in bytes.
max_val	Pointer to a buffer, containing the maximum value or the maximum length, of the object.
description	A short description of the object.

0x0001	Read only object
0x0002	Encrypted object

rmonObjectWrite()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State	
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonObjectWrite(HRMONCON hCon, const int table, const short flags, const int count, rmonObjectInfo* data, int* index)		
Description	Write objects to the device.		
Input	hCon	Handle to connection	
	table	The object table to use	
	flags	Flags to control the write operation. See below.	
	count	The number of objects in the array	
	data	Pointer to an array of objects to write	
Output	index	The index of the object which failed. 0 if error is not from an objects or no error	
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError, rmonNoData typedef struct { char name[255]; int type; int size; unsigned char* data; unsigned long flags; int min_val; int max_val; char desc[81]; } rmonObjectInfo;		
	Object flags:		
	0x0001	Read only object	
	0x0002	Encrypted object	
	Write flags:		
	Symbolic name	Value	Description
	RMONOBJ_FLAG_OVERWRITE	0x0001	Overwrite any existing objects
	RMONOBJ_FLAG_IGNORE	0x0002	Only update existing objects.

rmonObjectWriteX()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State	
Synopsis		rmonRet __stdcall rmonObjectWriteX(HRMONCON hCon, const int table, const short flags, const int count, rmonObjectInfoX* data, int* index)	
Description		Write objects to the device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection	
	table	The object table to use	
	flags	Flags to control the write operation. See below.	
	count	The number of objects in the array	
	data	Pointer to an array of objects to write	
Output	index	The index of the object which failed. 0 if error is not from an objects or no error	
Returns		rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError, rmonNoData	
<pre>typedef struct { char name[255]; int type; int size; unsigned char* data; unsigned long flags; int min_size; unsigned char* min_val; int max_size; unsigned char* max_val; char desc[81]; } rmonObjectInfoX;</pre>			
Object flags:			
0x0001		Read only object	
0x0002		Encrypted object	
Write flags:			
Symbolic name		Value	Description
RMONOBJ_FLAG_OVERWRITE		0x0001	Overwrite any existing objects
RMONOBJ_FLAG_IGNORE		0x0002	Only update existing objects.

rmonObjectErase()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonObjectErase(HRMONCON hCon, const int table, const char* name)	
Description	Erase an object from the device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	table	The object table to use
	name	The name of the object. Wildcards can be used.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError	

Misc. functions

Below is a list of different "housekeeping" functions.

rmonReset()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonReset(HRMONCON hCon)	
Description	This function will reset the connected RTCU device. If the RTCU device is remotely connected (RCH) the reset will be delayed until the connection is lost (by calling rmonDisconnect() etc). However, if the connection is thru a direct cable connection, the RTCU device executes the reset command immediately. The reset has the same effect as cycling power to the RTCU device, the VPL program starts executing from the start again. This can also be carried out from the RTCU IDE (menu: Device -> Execution -> Reset) (This function does the same as the VPL function boardReset()).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle	

rmonHalt()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonHalt(HRMONCON hCon)	
Description	Stops the currently executing VPL program in the RTCU. This can also be carried out from the RTCU IDE (menu: Device -> Execution -> Halt) The RTCU device can be started again with the reset command (see above) or by cycling power.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonGetSerialNumber()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetSerialNumber(HRMONCON hCon, unsigned long *SerialNumber)	
Description	Returns the serial number of the connected RTCU.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	SerialNumber	The serialnumber of the RTCU device.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonIllegalTarget	

rmonVer()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonVer(HRMONCON hCon, int *ver)			
Description	Returns the Firmware version of the connected RTCU. On NX32L devices, the major and minor part of the runtime version is returned. (see rmonGetDeviceInfo()) Note that this function must be used to determine if RTCU device is in monitor mode.			
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>	hCon	Handle to connection	
hCon	Handle to connection			
Output	<table><tr><td>ver</td><td>Firmware version, always different from 0 and scaled by 100 (Version 4.66 is returned as 466). Note that a version higher than 90.00 means that the RTCU is in monitor mode.</td></tr></table>	ver	Firmware version, always different from 0 and scaled by 100 (Version 4.66 is returned as 466). Note that a version higher than 90.00 means that the RTCU is in monitor mode.	
ver	Firmware version, always different from 0 and scaled by 100 (Version 4.66 is returned as 466). Note that a version higher than 90.00 means that the RTCU is in monitor mode.			
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle			

rmonSetPassword()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State				
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetPassword (HRMONCON hCon, const char password[21])					
Description	Sets new password for access to RTCU. This is the password that is to be used in rmonAuthenticate(). An empty string will disable password protection. This can also be set from the RTCU IDE (menu: Device -> Configuration -> Set Password)					
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr><tr><td>password</td><td>New password to be set (zero terminated ASCII String).</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection	password	New password to be set (zero terminated ASCII String).
hCon	Handle to connection					
password	New password to be set (zero terminated ASCII String).					
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError					

rmonGetTargetInfo()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State																																																																		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetTargetInfo(HRMONCON hCon, int* targetID, int* firmwareVer);																																																																			
Description	Fetches RTCU type and firmware version from the RTCU. On NX32L devices, the major and minor part of the runtime version is returned. (see rmonGetDeviceInfo())																																																																			
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection																																																																
hCon	Handle to connection																																																																			
Output	targetID	Please see the table below for a list of possible target ID's.																																																																		
	firmwareVer	Firmware version always different from 0 and scaled by 100 (Version 4.66 is returned as 466)																																																																		
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle																																																																			
<table><tr><th>Symbolic name</th><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP002</td><td>1</td><td>RTCU SA</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP003</td><td>2</td><td>RTCU DIN</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP004</td><td>4</td><td>RTCU D4</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP005</td><td>5</td><td>RTCU A5 / RTCU A5i</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP006</td><td>6</td><td>RTCU A6</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP007</td><td>7</td><td>RTCU M7</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP009</td><td>9</td><td>RTCU A9i</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP010</td><td>10</td><td>RTCU M10 Series</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP011</td><td>11</td><td>RTCU M11 Series</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP102</td><td>102</td><td>RTCU MX2 Series</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP103</td><td>103</td><td>RTCU DX4i mk2</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP104</td><td>104</td><td>RTCU DX4 Series</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP105</td><td>105</td><td>RTCU CX1 Series</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP106</td><td>106</td><td>RTCU SX1 Series</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP109</td><td>109</td><td>RTCU AX9 Series</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP122</td><td>122</td><td>RTCU MX2 turbo / RTCU MX2 encore</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP129</td><td>129</td><td>RTCU AX9 turbo / RTCU AX9 encore</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP192</td><td>192</td><td>RTCU MX2 SOM.</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP202</td><td>202</td><td>RTCU NX-200</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP204</td><td>204</td><td>RTCU NX-400</td></tr><tr><td>RMONTGT_ICP209</td><td>209</td><td>RTCU NX-900</td></tr></table>			Symbolic name	Value	Description	RMONTGT_ICP002	1	RTCU SA	RMONTGT_ICP003	2	RTCU DIN	RMONTGT_ICP004	4	RTCU D4	RMONTGT_ICP005	5	RTCU A5 / RTCU A5i	RMONTGT_ICP006	6	RTCU A6	RMONTGT_ICP007	7	RTCU M7	RMONTGT_ICP009	9	RTCU A9i	RMONTGT_ICP010	10	RTCU M10 Series	RMONTGT_ICP011	11	RTCU M11 Series	RMONTGT_ICP102	102	RTCU MX2 Series	RMONTGT_ICP103	103	RTCU DX4i mk2	RMONTGT_ICP104	104	RTCU DX4 Series	RMONTGT_ICP105	105	RTCU CX1 Series	RMONTGT_ICP106	106	RTCU SX1 Series	RMONTGT_ICP109	109	RTCU AX9 Series	RMONTGT_ICP122	122	RTCU MX2 turbo / RTCU MX2 encore	RMONTGT_ICP129	129	RTCU AX9 turbo / RTCU AX9 encore	RMONTGT_ICP192	192	RTCU MX2 SOM.	RMONTGT_ICP202	202	RTCU NX-200	RMONTGT_ICP204	204	RTCU NX-400	RMONTGT_ICP209	209	RTCU NX-900
Symbolic name	Value	Description																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP002	1	RTCU SA																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP003	2	RTCU DIN																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP004	4	RTCU D4																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP005	5	RTCU A5 / RTCU A5i																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP006	6	RTCU A6																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP007	7	RTCU M7																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP009	9	RTCU A9i																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP010	10	RTCU M10 Series																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP011	11	RTCU M11 Series																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP102	102	RTCU MX2 Series																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP103	103	RTCU DX4i mk2																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP104	104	RTCU DX4 Series																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP105	105	RTCU CX1 Series																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP106	106	RTCU SX1 Series																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP109	109	RTCU AX9 Series																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP122	122	RTCU MX2 turbo / RTCU MX2 encore																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP129	129	RTCU AX9 turbo / RTCU AX9 encore																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP192	192	RTCU MX2 SOM.																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP202	202	RTCU NX-200																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP204	204	RTCU NX-400																																																																		
RMONTGT_ICP209	209	RTCU NX-900																																																																		

rmonGetDeviceInfo()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State																																																															
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetDeviceInfo(HRMONCON hCon, int* targetID, int* VerRuntime, int* VerSystem, unsigned long* SerialNumber);																																																																
Description	Fetches RTCU type, serial number and firmware version from the RTCU. On NX32L devices, the version is <major>.<minor>.<build>; which is returned as a binary packed value using this format: <table><tr><td>reserved</td><td>bit 24..31</td></tr><tr><td>major</td><td>bit 16..23</td></tr><tr><td>minor</td><td>bit 8..15</td></tr><tr><td>build</td><td>bit 0..7</td></tr></table> On other RTCU devices the version is scaled by 100.(Version 4.66 is returned as 466)		reserved	bit 24..31	major	bit 16..23	minor	bit 8..15	build	bit 0..7																																																							
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Output	<table><tr><td>targetID</td><td>Please see the table below for a list of possible target ID's.</td></tr><tr><td>VerRuntime</td><td>The version of the runtime on the RTCU. This is always differen from 0.</td></tr><tr><td>VerSystem</td><td>The version of the system on the RTCU. This will be 0 on RTCU without a system version</td></tr><tr><td>SerialNumber</td><td>The serialnumber of the RTCU device.</td></tr></table>		targetID	Please see the table below for a list of possible target ID's.	VerRuntime	The version of the runtime on the RTCU. This is always differen from 0.	VerSystem	The version of the system on the RTCU. This will be 0 on RTCU without a system version	SerialNumber	The serialnumber of the RTCU device.																																																							
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RMONTGT_ICP005	5	RTCU A5 / RTCU A5i																																																															
RMONTGT_ICP006	6	RTCU A6																																																															
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RMONTGT_ICP204	204	RTCU NX-400																																																															

rmonReceiveDebugMsg()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonReceiveDebugMsg (HRMONCON hCon, char* msg, int maxsize)	
Description	Receive any incoming Debug messages from RTCU. Please notice that rmonReceiveDebugMsg blocks and will not return before a debug message has been received.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	maxsize	Maximum number of characters to receive
Output	msg	Buffer with received debug message
Returns	rmonOK, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonNoData	

rmonGetDebugEnable()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetDebugEnable(HRMONCON hCon, int* enabled)	
Description	Checks if Debug messages has been enabled or disabled in device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	enabled	1 if Debug messages is enabled, 0 if Debug messages is disabled
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonSetDebugEnable()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetDebugEnable(HRMONCON hCon, int enabled)	
Description	Enable or disable Debug messages from device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	enabled	1 to enable Debug messages, 0 to disable Debug messages
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonVoiceMessagesAbove64K()		RTCU architecture: X32 Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonVoiceMessagesAbove64K (HRMONCON hCon, char *above)	
Description	Determine if voice messages are stored above 64k. This function is used to determine if voice messages will be overwritten by the rmonApplicationStartUpload function or the rmonFirmwareStartUpload function.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	above	1 if Voice messages above 64k, 0 if no Voice messages above 64k
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonGetAppInfo()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetAppInfo(HRMONCON hCon, char *Appname, int *Appver)	
Description	Fetches Application name and version from the RTCU.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	Appname	0 (zero) terminated string containing the application name. Max. 15 characters long.
	Appver	Application version scaled by 100 (Version 4.66 is returned as 466)
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData	

rmonGetGPRSSettings()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State								
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetGPRSSettings(HRMONCON hCon, rmonGPRSSettings* Settings);									
Description	<p>This function fetches the TCP/IP settings the device uses to connect over GPRS. The GPRS settings retrieved from the RTCU device are identical to those retrieved with the “Fetch” button in the RTCU IDE (Device->Network->Network settings).</p> <p>All the general TCP/IP parameters use a binary packed IP address (a.b.c.d) using this format:</p> <table><tr><td>a</td><td>bit 24..31</td></tr><tr><td>b</td><td>bit 16..23</td></tr><tr><td>c</td><td>bit 8..15</td></tr><tr><td>d</td><td>bit 0..7</td></tr></table>		a	bit 24..31	b	bit 16..23	c	bit 8..15	d	bit 0..7
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Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection						
hCon	Handle to connection									
Output	<table><tr><td>Settings</td><td>A structure containing the GPRS settings</td></tr></table>		Settings	A structure containing the GPRS settings						
Settings	A structure containing the GPRS settings									
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData									
	<pre>typedef struct { // general TCP/IP parameters: unsigned long ip_address; unsigned long subnet_mask; unsigned long gateway; unsigned long dns_1; unsigned long dns_2; // PPP parameters: char username[34]; char password[34]; // Dialup/GPRS parameters: char APN[34]; unsigned short authentication; } rmonGPRSSettings;</pre>									

rmonSetGPRSSettings()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State								
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetGPRSSettings(HRMONCON hCon, rmonGPRSSettings Settings);									
Description	<p>This function sets the TCP/IP settings the device uses to connect over GPRS. This function is identical to the VPL function sockSetTCPIPParam, and the TCP/IP settings dialog (Device->Network->Network settings) in the RTCU IDE.</p> <p>All the general TCP/IP parameters use a binary packed IP address (a.b.c.d) using this format:</p> <table><tr><td>a</td><td>bit 24..31</td></tr><tr><td>b</td><td>bit 16..23</td></tr><tr><td>c</td><td>bit 8..15</td></tr><tr><td>d</td><td>bit 0..7</td></tr></table>		a	bit 24..31	b	bit 16..23	c	bit 8..15	d	bit 0..7
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c	bit 8..15									
d	bit 0..7									
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr><tr><td>Settings</td><td>A structure containing the GPRS settings</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection	Settings	A structure containing the GPRS settings				
hCon	Handle to connection									
Settings	A structure containing the GPRS settings									
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError									
	<pre>typedef struct { // general TCP/IP parameters: unsigned long ip_address; unsigned long subnet_mask; unsigned long gateway; unsigned long dns_1; unsigned long dns_2; // PPP parameters: char username[34]; char password[34]; // Dialup/GPRS parameters: char APN[34]; unsigned short authentication; } rmonGPRSSettings;</pre>									

rmonGetGatewaySettings()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetGatewaySettings(HRMONCON hCon, rmonGWSettings* Settings);	
Description	This function fetches the settings the device uses to connect to the RCH. The RCH settings retrieved from the RTCU device are identical to those retrieved in the RTCU IDE with the "Fetch" button in the RCH settings dialog (Device->Network->RTCU Communication Hub settings).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	Settings	A structure containing the RCH settings
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError <pre>typedef struct { // RTCU Communication Hub parameters: unsigned short gw_enabled; char gw_ip[42]; unsigned short gw_port; char gw_key[10]; char phonenumber_sms[22]; unsigned char crypt_key[16]; // advanced settings (modification not recommended): unsigned short max_connection_attempt; unsigned short max_send_req_attempt; unsigned short response_timeout; unsigned short alive_freq; } rmonGWSettings;</pre>	

rmonSetGatewaySettings()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetGatewaySettings(HRMONCON hCon, rmonGWSettings Settings);	
Description	This function fetches the settings the device uses to connect to RCH. This function is identical to the VPL function sockSetGWParam, and the settings are identical to those written from the RTCU IDE with the "Apply" button in the RTCU Communication Hub settings dialog (Device->Network->RTCU Communication Hub settings).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	Settings	A structure containing the Gateway settings
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError <pre> typedef struct { // RTCU Communication Hub parameters: unsigned short gw_enabled; char gw_ip[42]; unsigned short gw_port; char gw_key[10]; char phonenumber_sms[22]; unsigned char crypt_key[16]; // advanced settings (modification not recommended): unsigned short max_connection_attempt; unsigned short max_send_req_attempt; unsigned short response_timeout; unsigned short alive_freq; } rmonGWSettings; </pre>	

rmonRCHGetConfig()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonRCHGetConfig(HRMONCON hCon, const int index, rmonRCHConfig* Settings);	
Description	<p>This function fetches the RTCU Communication Hub settings the device uses to connect to server.</p> <p>The RCH settings retrieved from the RTCU device are identical to those retrieved in the RTCU IDE with the "Fetch" button in the RTCU Communication Hub settings dialog (Device→Network→RTCU Communication Hub settings).</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	index	The index of the configuration to read. 0 = Fallback config, 1 = Primary server config.
Output	Settings	A structure containing the settings
Returns	rmonOK, rmonError, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError <pre> struct rmonRCHConfig { unsigned long size; unsigned char enabled; unsigned char secure; char host[51]; unsigned char iface; unsigned char crypt_enable; unsigned short port; char login_key[10]; unsigned char crypt_key[16]; unsigned short max_connection_attempt; unsigned short max_send_req_attempt; unsigned short response_timeout; unsigned short alive_freq; }; </pre>	

rmonRCHSetConfig()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonRCHSetConfig(HRMONCON hCon, const int index, rmonGWSettings Settings);	
Description	<p>This function fetches the RTCU Communication Hub settings the device uses to connect to the server.</p> <p>This function is identical to the VPL function rchConfigSet, and the settings are identical to those written from the RTCU IDE with the “Apply” button in the RTCU Communication Hub settings dialog (Device→Network→RTCU Communication Hub settings).</p>	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	index	The index of the configuration to read. 0 = Fallback config, 1 = Primary server config.
	Settings	A structure containing the RCH settings
Returns	<p>rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError</p> <pre> struct rmonGWSettings { unsigned long size; unsigned char enabled; unsigned char secure; char host[51]; unsigned char iface; unsigned char crypt_enable; unsigned short port; char login_key[10]; unsigned char crypt_key[16]; unsigned short max_connection_attempt; unsigned short max_send_req_attempt; unsigned short response_timeout; unsigned short alive_freq; }; </pre>	

rmonRCHGetAutoConnect()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonRCHGetAutoConnect(HRMONCON hCon, int *enable)	
Description	This function fetches whether the RTCU device will start the connection to the RTCU Communication Hub automatically, or requires the application to do this manually.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	enable	1 if auto connect is enabled, 0 if auto connect is disabled
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData	

rmonRCHSetAutoConnect()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonRCHGetAutoConnect(HRMONCON hCon, int *enable)	
Description	This function sets whether the RTCU device will start the connection to the RTCU Communication Hub automatically, or requires the application to do this manually.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	enable	1 if auto connect is enabled, 0 if auto connect is disabled
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonNoData	

rmonGetLANSettings()		RTCU architecture: NX32 & NX32L Called in: Connected State						
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetLANSettings(HRMONCON hCon, int iface, rmonNetwork* Settings);							
Description	This function fetches the settings the device uses to connect over Ethernet. The LAN settings retrieved from the RTCU device are identical to those retrieved in the RTCU IDE with the “Fetch” button in the Network settings dialog (Device->Network->Network settings).							
Input	hCon	Handle to connection						
	iface	The network interface						
Output	Settings	A structure containing the LAN settings						
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError							
	<pre>typedef struct { unsigned short flags; unsigned long addr; unsigned long subnet; unsigned long gateway; unsigned long dns_1; unsigned long dns_2; } rmonNetwork;</pre>							
	Available flags:							
	Symbolic name	<table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>RMON_NET_DHCP</td><td>0x0001 Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.</td></tr><tr><td>RMON_NET_AUTODNS</td><td>0x0002 Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.</td></tr></table>	Value	Description	RMON_NET_DHCP	0x0001 Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.	RMON_NET_AUTODNS	0x0002 Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.
Value	Description							
RMON_NET_DHCP	0x0001 Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.							
RMON_NET_AUTODNS	0x0002 Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.							

rmonSetLANSettings()		RTCU architecture: NX32 & NX32L Called in: Connected State	
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetLANSettings(HRMONCON hCon, int iface, rmonNetwork Settings);		
Description	This function sets the settings the device uses to connect over Ethernet. This function is identical to the VPL function netSetLANParam, and the settings are identical to those written from the RTCU IDE with the “Apply” button in the Network settings dialog (Device->Network->Network settings).		
Input	hCon	Handle to connection	
	iface	The network interface	
	Settings	A structure containing the LAN settings	
Output			
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError		
	<pre>typedef struct { unsigned short flags; unsigned long addr; unsigned long subnet; unsigned long gateway; unsigned long dns_1; unsigned long dns_2; } rmonNetwork;</pre>		
	Available flags:		
	Symbolic name	Value	Description
	RMON_NET_DHCP	0x0001	Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.
	RMON_NET_AUTODNS	0x0002	Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.

rmonGetWLANSettings()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetWLANSettings(HRMONCON hCon, int index, rmonWLANSettings* Settings);	
Description	This function fetches the settings the device uses to connect over WiFi. The WLAN settings retrieved from the RTCU device are identical to those retrieved in the RTCU IDE with the "Fetch" button in the Network settings dialog (Device->Network->Network settings).	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	index	The index of the wireless network information
Output	Settings	A structure containing the WLAN settings
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError <pre> typedef struct { unsigned short flags; unsigned long addr; unsigned long subnet; unsigned long gateway; unsigned long dns_1; unsigned long dns_2; } rmonNetwork; typedef struct { char phrase[64]; } rmonWLANSecurityWPA; typedef struct { unsigned char ssid[32]; unsigned short security; union { rmonWLANSecurityWPA wpa; } sec; rmonNetwork tcpip; } rmonWLANSettings; </pre>	
	Available flags:	
	Symbolic name	Value Description
	RMON_NET_DHCP	0x0001 Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.
	RMON_NET_AUTODNS	0x0002 Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.

rmonSetWLANSettings()		RTCU architecture: NX32L Called in: Connected State									
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSetWLANSettings(HRMONCON hCon, int index, rmonWLANSettings Settings);										
Description	This function sets the settings the device uses to connect over WiFi. This function is identical to the VPL function netSetWLANParam, and the settings are identical to those written from the RTCU IDE with the "Apply" button in the Network settings dialog (Device->Network->Network settings).										
Input	hCon	Handle to connection									
	index	The index of the wireless network information									
	Settings	A structure containing the WLAN settings									
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError <pre> typedef struct { unsigned short flags; unsigned long addr; unsigned long subnet; unsigned long gateway; unsigned long dns_1; unsigned long dns_2; } rmonNetwork; typedef struct { char phrase[64]; } rmonWLANSecurityWPA; typedef struct { unsigned char ssid[32]; unsigned short security; union { rmonWLANSecurityWPA wpa; } sec; rmonNetwork tcpip; } rmonWLANSettings; </pre>										
	Available flags: <table> <tr> <th>Symbolic name</th><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>RMON_NET_DHCP</td><td>0x0001</td><td>Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.</td></tr> <tr> <td>RMON_NET_AUTODNS</td><td>0x0002</td><td>Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.</td></tr> </table>		Symbolic name	Value	Description	RMON_NET_DHCP	0x0001	Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.	RMON_NET_AUTODNS	0x0002	Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.
Symbolic name	Value	Description									
RMON_NET_DHCP	0x0001	Use DHCP to get TCP/IP address.									
RMON_NET_AUTODNS	0x0002	Use DNS servers from DHCP lookup.									

rmonFaultLogRead()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State		
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFaultLogRead(HRMONCON hCon, rmonFault *Fault)			
Description	Fetches the Fault log from the RTCU. This function is identical to the fetch button in the fault log in the RTCU IDE			
Input	<table><tr><td>hCon</td><td>Handle to connection</td></tr></table>		hCon	Handle to connection
hCon	Handle to connection			
Output	<table><tr><td>Fault</td><td>The function fills this structure with the fault log entries.</td></tr></table>		Fault	The function fills this structure with the fault log entries.
Fault	The function fills this structure with the fault log entries.			
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError <pre>typedef struct { unsigned short year; unsigned char month; unsigned char date; unsigned char hour; unsigned char minute; unsigned char second; unsigned char Code; } rmonFaultRecord; typedef struct { unsigned char NumRecords; unsigned char NextIn; // Index where the next record will be inserted rmonFaultRecord Record[32]; } rmonFault;</pre>			

rmonFaultLogReadX()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFaultLogRead(HRMONCON hCon, rmonFaultX *Fault)	
Description	Fetches the Fault log from the RTCU, with debug information. This function is identical to the fetch button in the fault log in the RTCU IDE	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	Fault	The function fills this structure with the fault log entries.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError <pre> typedef struct { unsigned short year; unsigned char month; unsigned char date; unsigned char hour; unsigned char minute; unsigned char second; unsigned char code; char filename[16]; unsigned short line; unsigned short threadid; unsigned char data[38]; } rmonFaultRecordX; typedef struct { unsigned char NumRecords; unsigned char NextIn; // Index where the next record will be inserted rmonFaultRecordX Record[16]; } rmonFaultX; </pre>	

rmonFaultLogClear()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFaultLogClear(HRMONCON hCon)	
Description	This function clears the fault log. This function is identical to the clear button in the Fault log in the RTCU IDE.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	

rmonFaultGetText()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFaultGetText(unsigned char fault, char* FaultText, int bufsize)	
Description	This function retrieves the text message for a Fault code	
Input	fault	The fault code
	bufsize	The size of the buffer where the text is to be stored. If bufsize exceeds the number of characters in the fault text, only the number of characters present will be put in the output buffer.
Output	FaultText	0 (zero) terminated string containing the fault message
Returns	rmonOK	

rmonSoftwareUpgrade()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonSoftwareUpgrade(HRMONCON hCon, char string[35], int *res)	
Description	Upgrades the RTCU device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	String	0 (zero) terminated string. The upgrade key.
Output	res	The type of upgrade performed.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonError, rmonIllegalTarget	
	Value	Description
	0	Not upgraded / Wrong upgrade key
	1	GPRS enabled
	2	Device is programmable
	3	LCD display enabled
	4	Clear password.
	5	Battery enabled.
	6	FMI support enabled.
	7 - 9	Not used
	10	Citect SCADA enabled
	11	Web enabled

rmonFlexOption()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonFlexOption(HRMONCON hCon, char string[12])	
Description	This function will enable certain options in the device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	string	Zero terminated string. The option key.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError, rmonError	

rmonStatisticsRead()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonStatisticsRead(HRMONCON hCon, rmonUnitStatistics *data)	
Description	Fetches the device statistics from the RTCU. The size parameter in the structure must be set to the size of the structure (sizeof) before this function is called.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	data	The function fills this structure with the statistics.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonTargetError	
<pre>typedef struct { short size; short max_temp; short avg_temp; short min_temp; unsigned long num_boot; unsigned long time_run; unsigned long time_bat; unsigned long time_chg; unsigned long gw_connect; unsigned long gw_incoming; unsigned long gw_outgoing; unsigned long gw_alive; unsigned long gprs_connect; unsigned long gprs_send; unsigned long gprs_receive; unsigned long gps_nofix; unsigned long gps_2dfix; unsigned long gps_3dfix; } rmonUnitStatistics;</pre>		
The structure variables hold the following statistics:		
size	The size of the structure.	
max_temp	The highest temperature measured in the device, represented in 0.01 deg. Celsius.	
avg_temp	The average temperature measured in the device, represented in 0.01 deg. Celsius.	
min_temp	The lowest temperature measured in the device, represented in 0.01 deg. Celsius.	
num_boot	The number of times the device has rebooted.	
time_run	The number of minutes the device has been operating.	
time_bat	The number of minutes the device has been operating from the backup battery.	
time_chg	The number of minutes the device have been charging the backup battery.	
gw_connect	The number of times the device has tried to connect to RCH.	
gw_incoming	The number of incoming transactions from the RCH.	
gw_outgoing	The number of outgoing transactions to the RCH.	
gw_alive	The number of keep-alive transactions the device has sent to the RCH.	
gprs_connect	The number of times the device successfully connected to GPRS.	
gprs_send	The number of bytes send over the GPRS connection.	
gprs_receive	The number of bytes received from the GPRS connection.	
gps_nofix	The number of times the GPS module has reported 'No fix'.	

gps_2dfix	The number of times the GPS module has reported '2D fix'.
gps_3dfix	The number of times the GPS module has reported '3D fix'.

rmonGetUnitState()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetUnitState(HRMONCON hCon, rmoncbunitstate pfunc, void* uptr)	
Description	Read the execution state from the RTCU device and return it in a call-back function	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
	pfunc	Function that is called with the name and description of a serial port.
	uptr	A user defined argument that is included in the callback function.
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError The call-back function is defined as follows: typedef void (__stdcall *rmoncbunitstate)(void* uptr, int state); state:	
	Symbolic name	Value
	RMON_STATE_RUN	1
	RMON_STATE_HALT	2
	RMON_STATE_FAULT	3

rmonGetPowerInformation()		RTCU architecture: All Called in: Connected State
Synopsis	rmonRet __stdcall rmonGetPowerInformation(HRMONCON hCon, rmon_power_info_t *data)	
Description	Read the current environment from RTCU device.	
Input	hCon	Handle to connection
Output	data	The function fills this structure with the environment data
Returns	rmonOK, rmonComError, rmonIllegalHandle, rmonError <pre>typedef struct { short sof; short temp; unsigned short sup_volt; unsigned char sup_type; unsigned char batt_type; unsigned char batt_level; unsigned char batt_charging; unsigned char chg_enable; unsigned char run_on_batt; char ext_disable; char s0_enable; char dcout1_enable; char dcout2_enable; char lcd_power; } rmon_power_info_t;</pre>	

The structure variables hold the following information:

sof	The size of the structure. The size must be set before calling the function.
temp	The temperature in the device. (scaled by 100)
sup_volt	The power supply voltage. (scaled by 10)
sup_type	The power supply type.
batt_type	The type of battery present.
batt_level	The battery power level. (0..5)
batt_charging	The battery is being charged.
chg_enable	The battery charger is enabled.
run_on_batt	The device will continue to run from the battery if the supply is removed.
ext_disable	The external power is disabled.
s0_enable	S0 mode is enabled for digital inputs.
dcout1_enable	The DC-OUT 1 is enabled.
cdout2_enable	The DC-OUT 2 is enabled.
LCD_power	The display is powered.

Supply type:

Symbolic name	Value	Description
RMON_SUPPLY_BAT	1	Operating on internal battery.
RMON_SUPPLY_DC	2	Operating on external DC power.
RMON_SUPPLY_AC	3	Operating on external AC power.

Battery type:

Symbolic name	Value	Description
RMON_BAT_NONE	0	No battery.
RMON_BAT_NONCHG	1	Non-chargeable battery
RMON_BAT_LOW	2	Low capacity battery
RMON_BAT_HIGH	3	High capacity battery
RMON_BAT_SUPER	4	Super capacity battery

The enable or disable type:

Value	Description
-1	Not available
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Appendix A, simple application

```
//-----
// Small RTCUCSP.DLL sample program
//-----
#include <windows.h>
#include <process.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <rtcucsp.h>

//-----
// Connection handle
//-----
HRMONCON hCon;

//-----
// Receive any incoming Debug messages from RTCU
//-----
static void thDebug(void *arg) {
    char buffer[512];
    int rc;
    for (;;) {
        // Wait for any debug messages from unit
        rc=rmonReceiveDebugMsg(hCon, buffer, sizeof(buffer));
        if (rc==0) {
            // Just print the debug message
            printf("Debug::[%s]\n", buffer);
        } else {
            Sleep(50);
        }
    }
}

//-----
// Callback function that will be called by rmonFirmwareUpload()
// to report progress in the upload process
//-----
static int RMONCC cbfuncFW(void* uptr,int percentage) {
    printf("Firmware upload finished: %3i\r", percentage);
    return 0;
}

//-----
// Callback function that will be called by rmonApplicationUpload()
// to report progress in the upload process
//-----
static int RMONCC cbfuncApp(void* uptr,int percentage) {
    printf("Application upload finished: %3i\r", percentage);
    return 0;
}

//-----
// Callback function that will be called by rmonVoiceUpload()
// to report progress in the upload process
//-----
static int RMONCC cbfuncVoice(void* uptr,int percentage) {
    printf("Voice upload finished: %3i\r", percentage);
    return 0;
}

//-----
// the main program
//-----
int main(int argc,char** argv) {
    int rc;

    // Open RTCUCSP library
    rmonOpen();
```

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```
// Open a connection
hCon = rmonOpenConnection();

// Select which comports to use for local and remote connections. (Use COM0 if no port is to be
used)
rmonSetComport(hCon, "COM1", "COM0");

// Connect to unit via cable
rmonConnect(hCon, "");

// Start the listener thread for incoming Debug messages
_beginthread(thDebug, 0, NULL);

// Wait for a connection to a RTCU unit
while (1) {
    // Check and wait for connection (can be RMONCON_LOCAL, RMONCON_REMOTE, RMONCON_GW or
    RMONCON_NONE)
    if (rmonConnected(hCon) != RMONCON_NONE)
        break;
    Sleep(300);
}
printf("Connected to unit.\n");

// Try to authenticate with an empty password:
rc=rmonAuthenticate(hCon, "");
switch (rc) {
    case rmonDenied: printf("Authenticate with empty password denied. Use correct password !\n");
break;
    case rmonOK: printf("Authenticate with empty password accepted !\n"); break;
}

if (rc==rmonDenied) {
    printf("Not able to logon to unit !\n");
    return 1;
}

// Get information about the unit
int targetid, firmwareversion;
rmonGetTargetInfo(hCon, &targetid, &firmwareversion);
printf("Target ID=%i, Firmware version=%i.%02i\n", targetid, firmwareversion/100,
firmwareversion%100);

// Get the units serial number
unsigned long SerialNumber;
rmonGetSerialNumber(hCon, &SerialNumber);
printf("Serialnumber of unit is %09i\n", SerialNumber);

// Use this to upload new firmware to the unit:
//printf("\nrc=%i\n", rmonFirmwareUpload(hCon, "D:\\FirmwareFile.bin", cbfuncFW, (void*)0));

// Use the following to upload a new application and voice messages:
/*
rmonHalt(hCon);
printf("\nrc=%i\n", rmonApplicationUpload(hCon, "D:\\APP\\APP.VSX", cbfuncApp, NULL));
printf("\nrc=%i\n", rmonVoiceUpload(hCon, "C:\\APP\\APP.PRJ", cbfuncVoice, NULL));
rmonReset(hCon);
*/

// Close connection after use
rmonCloseConnection(hCon);

printf("\n\nPress any key to end program...\n\n");
while (true) {
    if (getch())
        break;
}
}
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

Appendix B, RTCUPROG application

The RTCUPROG program is a complete Microsoft Visual Studio C++ 2019 project. This program demonstrates all aspects in making a robust application that will manage the connection to both local and remote RTCU device. The application allows the user to upload new firmware to a device, or upload a complete new project to the RTCU device, including both VPL program and voice messages.